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☞ Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

MY MOTHER.

BY LILY LEA.

Thou art growing old, my mother.
And thy brow is marked with care,
All furrowed is thy aged cheek,
Once beautiful and fair.
Thy soft brown locks are sadly changed,
Chill frosts have settled there,
And touched with many a teasing kiss
The gentle, flowing hair.

Thou art growing old, my mother,
As I catch the half-drawn sigh,
Well I know that years of sorrow
Have bedimmed thy melting eye;
But with gentle light it beameth,
Beameth on me even yet,
With a love that never changeth,
Till the sun of life is set.

Thou art growing old, my mother,
Many of our household band
Have before thee journeyed onward,
To the far off better land."
But thy voice in tender accents
Still is falling on my ear,
Sweetly brightening my pathway,
Which, without thee, were so drear.

Thou art growing old, my mother,
And around thy youngest born
Shadows gather—darkly gather—
Even in life's early morn.
But the blessed Savior spareth
Thee, to still protect thy child,
While the storms of sorrow hover,
Never o'er me dark and wild.

Thou art growing old, my mother,
Soon I feel that thou wilt rest,
In the "land of the hereafter,"
In the regions of the blest.
Who will love me then, my mother,
When the last life cord is riven,
Let us pray that both together,
God will take us safe to Heaven.

The Cause of Suicides.

The New Orleans Bulletin, referring to the suicides of certain persons, comes to the conclusion that if the real facts could be known, it would be found that in a large majority of instances, the cause of suicide is to be found in strong drink, and add:

"The extensive adulteration of liquors, which have taken place of late years, act upon the brain and destroy its proper functions. Physicians and others know well that the brain is liable to disease, almost as much so, perhaps, as any other organ, and when it is so, the individual is—crazy—and he does not know what he is doing. The brain of the drunkard, it is well known, will take fire, emitting a bluish light and cause a smell like burning alcohol. We are strongly inclined to think that most suicides by males are referable to this as the primary cause."

The Washington correspondent of the N. O Delta writes as follows:

'I have a passion for Seward. He comes up to my idea of Rodin in the Wandering Jew—the most detestable devil that was ever drawn by human pen—so cool, so clear headed, so indomitable, so relentless in the pursuit of his fiendish purposes. Seward traverses the seemingly tortuous, but really straight line of his ambition with the unerring certainty of footsteps that characterizes a rope dancer, never missing a step, and keeping his eagle eye steadily fixed on the goal before him. The balance pole by which he preserves his equipoise is that cool, big head that bulbs out above his narrow shoulders. 'If he becomes our next President, and disunion does not immediately follow his election, I will wager that he will so beautifully honey fuggle both South and North, that the people will pronounce him one of the best Presidents we have ever had. But I begin to think there is little danger of his obtaining the nomination. He is too great a man, that is, if he is a man and not a devil.'

One of the Wives.

Old Buck should let the job of conquering Brigham Young to Mrs. Barker, wife of the jailor at Watertown, New York, on easy terms. She has proved her grit, for on Sunday morning three prisoners by feigning sickness, got Mr. Barker in their power, gagged and bound him, and locked him in a cell. This done, they robbed him of his money and the keys of the prison, and were about walking out and off. Mrs. B. had heard the scuffle, and met the prisoners at the gate. With a determination they understood, she informed them that she would put a bullet through the first man that came forward a step. A parley ensued in which they threatened to kill her husband if she would not let them pass out, but nothing daunted she held the three men at bay for about half an hour, and until help arrived and they were driven back to their cells. One such woman is worth a dozen slung-shot militia Generals.

Vesuvius Changing its Shape.—One of the two cones of Vesuvius, so often described and so familiar to all who have seen the volcano or its representations, has been blown into the air and the conformation of the mountain has been completely changed.

A GOOD THING.

The following information is given by a Mr. Wayne to the New York Times.—We think an assurance office gotton up in this country, to include not only bank clerks, but railroad officers and others holding places of important trust, would do away with a good deal of dishonesty and "stealings."

The Bank of England has over 750 clerks, whose aggregate salaries amount to nearly £200,000 per annum, and I believe only one instance of clerkly irregularity has occurred during many years; and, although some melancholy instances of fraudulent directory have recently been displayed, and duly punished, huge defalcations by clerks are nearly if not utterly unknown.

A great impetus to the exercise of vigilance is the system of "*Guarantee Assurance*," so successfully developed in England, as felt alike by the insurers, insured, and the share-holders. This, sir, would be found of great utility here, as a wholesome check on habits and morals, as well as a fine field for the enterprise of capital, not yet in practice here. There are two or three guarantee societies in London, where, for the small per centage premium of 10s. per £100 sterling, they insure the fidelity of clerks and others of every grade, from Goverment officials, tax collectors, treasurers, commercial travellers, and every case where security for intromissions is required. A party requiring this is saved the delicate necessity of troubling friends or relatives, and on applying to the company is furnished with a printed form for him to fill up with necessary particulars, his age, occupation and general description going back some 7 to 10 years of his life, with the details of the situation he is seeking, its salary, *modus operandi* and general particulars, and his references. The officers of the society make all necessary inquiries as to character, pursuits, habits, &c., previous and present, with the prospects which the new employment may afford for an honest career. If satisfactorially answered, his policy is issued on the above terms. Principals also have less compunction, in the event of default, to come on a public body than to harass private friends, and are also more tenacious of their own conduct, in the well founded impression that the company keep an eye on all the attributes which may affect their interest; and the same feeling operating on the employed, the whole works well, even as "*the lead*" and "*look-out*" of the sailor keeps the ship aright, so well indeed, that the British Government and the leading establishments of the country, municipal as well as commercial, prefer this course of security. Many will accept of no other from the known influence the system involves.

I am, sir, yours respectfully,
JAMES S. WAGNER.

A Sad Sight!

The editor of the Springfield Republican, who is not reputed to be given to the nightmare, has had some terrible sights in his day; enough to make one's blood freeze in his veins. Here are some of his wailings in regard to them, to which we invite the special attention of all the bachelor tribe:

"There are some sad sights in this world—a city sacked and burned—a battle field after a great slaughter—a London in the midst of a plague—a ship burned at sea—a family pining in starvation—a jug of molasses wrecked upon the pavement—but the saddest sight to us, of all, is an old bachelor steadily walking towards his end, his great duties undone, his shirt buttons off, his stockings out at the toes, and nobody to leave his money to. Were we such a man, the mild reproving eye of a widow or maiden lady would drive us mad. But there is still hope. Uglier and older men than any of our friends have married beautiful wives, who trained them admirably and spent their money elegantly."

Brother Jonathan.

The original of this term, as applied to the United States, is as follows:

When General Washington, after being appointed commander of the army of the revolutionary war, went to Massachusetts to organize it, he found a great want of ammunition and other means for its defense, and on one occasion it seemed that no means could be devised for the necessary safety. Jonathan Trumbull, the elder, was then Governor of the state of Connecticut; and the general placing the greatest reliance on his excellency's judgment, remarked. 'We must consult Brother Jonathan on the subject.' The general did so, and the Governor was successful in supplying many of the wants of the army. Thenceforth, when difficulties arose, and the army was spread over the country, it became a by-phrase, 'we must consult Brother Jonathan,' and the name has now become a designation for the whole country.

☞ A humorous old man fell in with an ignorant and rather impertinent young minister, who proceeded to inform the gentleman, in very positive terms, that he would never reach Heaven, unless he was born again, and added:

'I have experienced that change and now fee no anxiety.'

'And have you been born again?'

'Yes, I trust I have.'

'Well, said the old gentleman, eyeing him attentively, 'I don't think it would hurt you, young man, to be born once more.'

☞ A bet was made between two politicians at Albany, on the result of the vote for Mayor, by the terms of which the loser was to live wholly on potatoes and salt for one month.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.

Some years ago before Pittsburgh, the dingy city of Western Pennsylvania, was reached by Railroads from the East, the wagon was a great institution. The well-tired wheels untiringly toiled over mountains and vales making long journeys, slow but sure. Dave Stewart was a noted wag wagoner. He was always wagging his tongue in boasting of his great feats which had been performed in his expeditions teaming over the Alleghenies. Some of these mountain passes are very narrow cuts into the side of cliffs, and on out side of a pokerish precipice admonishes the driver to hug the rock close as he goes. When teamsters meet in such places the rule of the road was set aside and the stoutest man keeps the wall. Dave was six feet high and well proportioned like Frank Granger of anti mason memory—and when one day, he met an old gentleman driving along leisurely in his gig, Dave determined to have some fun at his expense. High above their heads was an over hanging table rock, and as the horses stood head to head, Dave said to the old gentleman,

'I want you to do me a favor.'

'Certainly,' said the old gentleman—'What can I do for you?'

'I want you to climb up on that rock, and dance while I whistle!'

'I shall do no such a thing, and I trust you do not indend to take advantage of an old man in such a place as this.'

Dave stepped forward with his heavy horse-whip in his hand, and raising it, threatened to lay it on him if he did not mount the rock and do as he was told. Seeing Dave was in earnest, the gentleman made a virtue of necessity, and scrambled up. Dave whistled and he danced till both were tired, and the fun was soon stale; when Dave told him to come down, to back out of the pass, and let him go on.

'But,' said the old gentleman, as he came down, 'I want you to do me a favor.'

'And what is that?'

'I want you to go up there and dance while I whistle.'

Dave refused, intimating that he would see the old man in a very bad place first.

'You won't eh!' said the stranger, drawing a pistol suddenly, and planting it at Dave's breast, 'I'll make daylight shine through you in less than two seconds, if you don't move.'

Dave told me the story himself, and said, 'What else could I do? The old fellow was in earnest; up I had to climb, and there I had to dance while the old fellow whistled and laughed, and threatened to shoot me if I stopped a minute, and he kept me going full jump, for two hours or more, till I was in a lather worse than my horse in July. When I was just ready to fall off he let me come down, made me back out of the pass and as he drove by advised me never to ask any unnecessary favors of strangers. And I don't mean to.'

Cure for Hydrophobia.

Mr. James A. Hubbard, of Bond county, Illinois, in a letter to the St. Louis Republican says:

"Eighteen years ago, my brother and myself were bitten by a mad-dog. A sheep was also bitten at the same time. Among the many cures offered for the little boys (we were then ten or twelve years of age,) a friend suggested the following, which he said would cure the bite of a rattlesnake—'Take the root of a common upland ash; peel off the bark, and boil it to a strong decoction of this drink freely.' Whilst my father was preparing the above, the sheep spoken of began to be afflicted with the hydrophobia. When it had become so fatigued from its distracted state, as to be no longer able to stand up, my father drenched it with a pint of the ash ooze, hoping to ascertain whether he could depend upon it as a cure for his sons. Four hours after the drench had been given, to the astonishment and joy of all, the animal got up, and went quietly with the flock to grazing. My brother and myself continued to take the medicine for eight or ten days—one gill three times a day. No effects of the dreadful poison were ever discovered on either of us. It has been used very successfully in snake bites to my knowledge."

A Challenge.—When Judge Thicher, many years ago, was a member of Congress from Massachusetts, he was challenged to a duel by Mr. Blount, member from North Carolina, for words spoken in debate. The judge, on reading the message from Blount, after adjusting his wig and revolutionary hat, said to the bearer:

"Give my respectful compliments to your master, and tell him he cannot have a definite answer to his note to-day. Let him be patient a short time, till I can write to Portland and receive an answer. I always consult my wife on matters of importance, well knowing that she is a better judge of family affairs than myself. If she takes the choice of becoming a widow or having her husband hanged for murder, I certainly will fight Mr. Blount. Tell him not to be in a hurry, it will take more than three weeks to receive her election."

When Presidents Dine.—On Davy Crockett's return to his constituents, after his first session in Congress, a nation of them surrounded him one day and began to interrogate him about Washington.

'What time do they dine at Washington, Colonel?' asked one.

'Why,' said he, 'common people, such as you are here, get their dinners at one o'clock, but the gentry and the big 'uns dine at three. As for representatives, we dine at four, and the aristocracy and the Senate don't get theirs till five.'

'Well, when does the President fodder?' asked another

'Old Hickory,' exclaimed the Colonel, (attempting to appoint a time in accordance with the dignity of the station,) 'Old Hickory! well he don't dine till next day!'

THE INDIANS AT WASHINGTON.

The correspondent of the New York Express, referring to the Indians now visiting Washington, says:

The Sioux Indians still attract much notice. 'Little Crow,' their chief, is particularly distinguished—as indeed he should be, after his noble and successful efforts to release our captured country-women from their living death amidst the hostile Sioux. You will remember that of the four ladies captured, only the two youngest were found, the mothers of both being inhumanly butchered. 'Little Crow' traced and released these two suffering girls, and brought them to the settlements; and now the Government offers him a large reward if he will discover and capture the murderers, and doubtless he will fulfill his promise. He is really a splendid fellow—[illegible]n Indian as Cooper wrote of. [illegible]stly, seldom smiles or speaks, and is as brave as a lion. There is a story told of 'Hole-in-the-Day,' which, though true, smacks enough of romance to render it interesting.

It seems that 'Hole-in-the-Day,' when but sixteen claimed the right, by birth, to be chief of his tribe, but his claim, though well founded, was contemptuously set aside by a cousin who usurped the power, asserting that a boy who had never won a scalp, was not fit to head a tribe. The boy made no reply, but that same night, when the council fires were out, and the camp was sunk in sleep, he stealthily stole away, swam the river, traveled alone to the enemy's camp, entered it, and actually carried back with him seven scalps. With these bloody trophies he returned to his people, just as the sun was risen. He walked to his cousin's tent, and striking him in the face with the reeking scalps, bade him show as many, or yield to him his birthright.

A second council was called, and the old warriors unanimously elected this boy chief, for he had done that which no brave had ever dared attempt. This 'Hole-in-the-Day' is modest and intelligent looking, quite accustomed to the manners of the whites and a universal favorite.

The Two Extremes.—The St. Louis Democrat has the following paragraph, upon the arrival of Col Benton's remains in that city:

"By its side was the little coffin containing the body of the Statesman's grandchild, McDowell Jones. Each body was enclosed in an air-tight zinc case, which was laid within a mahogany coffin. A lid was raised so as to allow friends to look through a glass on the faces of the dead. The face of the Great Missourian wore that expression of majestic placidity which was habitual to him in life. The lips were slightly open, the eyes closed, and every lineament in the face in a state of repose that indicated how gentle and peaceful had been the end of the veteran's stormy life. There was no discoloration or wrinkle to be seen, and the presence of death was visible only in the closed eyelids, and the cold, white, marble-like appearance of the features. The grandchild lay as sweetly as though only sleeping, with its little head covered with golden hair, nestling amid white hyacinths and early spring flowers, whose purity was typical of its own young spirit."

A Senator Elected by a Love Letter.—In a certain town in this State, a letter arrived for a young lady from her lover on the day of the election. The postmaster, as is not unfrequent in the rural districts, knowing the eagerness with which a message of the tender character would be expected, took upon himself the pleasing duty of delivering it; but first, like a good Democrat, he must vote, and of course in a separate self-sealing envelope.—This was duly prepared with the Democratic tickets, safely enclosed, and the gluten stuck together. Stopping at the town meeting, he deposited the letter in the ballot-box, and proceeded with the separate and self-sealed to the house of the maiden, to whom he gallantly handed the entire Democratic ticket, State and town. How the lady interpreted the missive we do not know, but the moderate and clerk ungallantly refused to count the love letter, and the Republican candidate was declared elected by one majority.—*Prov. Jour.*

☞ At a recent election in this State, a lad presented himself at the polls to claim the benefit of the elective franchise.

Feeling a deep interest in a favorite candidate, the father, who was evidently opposed to the boy's preference, stood at the ballot box, and challenged his right to vote, on the ground of his not being of age. The young man declared that he was twenty-one years old; that he knew it, and that he insisted upon his right.

The father becoming indignant, and wishing, as the saying is, to 'bluff him off,' before the judges, said:

'Now, Bob, will you stand up there and contradict me? Don't I know how old you are? Wasn't I there?'

Bob looked his contempt for the old man's speech, as he hastily replied:

'Thunderation! 'spose you was, wasn't I there too?'

This settled the sire, and in went the scion's vote.

How to become rich.—Buy all the property you can on credit, and have the titles to it vested in your wife or some other relative; that you may swindle your creditors. In order to inveigle the unwary, make a public profession of religion, and be industrious and loud in your denunciations of the slightest peccadilloes in the conduct of others; pray long and fervently for your neighbors, and thank God devoutly that you are not as other men are.

☞ 'Jury,' said a western Judge, 'you kin go out and find a verdict. If you can't find one of your own, git the one the last jury used. They returned a verdict of suicide in the ninth degree.

MR. ENGLISH'S COMPROMISE.

Col. Forney, of the Philadelphia Press, was in Washington on Monday, and writes thus of the prospects of Mr. English's Kansas Bill.

The town has been rife with rumors, since Saturday morning, that a serious defection had taken place in the ranks of the National Democratic members who have been steadily opposing the Lecompton fraud, and that on Monday the English proposition, from the Conference Committee, would be adopted. At this moment I am happy to inform the readers of the Press that the column which stood firm on Friday and Saturday still stands firm. It is true that some distinguished names are mentioned in connection with this defection, and that the hopes of the Administration are considerably elated at this hour of writing; but the more the English proposition is discussed, the more odious it becomes to every intelligent citizen.

* * * The English bill in order to secure the support of the Southern extremists, omits that portion of the original Senate bill reported by Senator Green upon which so much stress was laid for the purpose of capturing weak Democrats, that proclaimed the doctrine that the people of Kansas could immediately proceed to alter the Lecompton Constitution outside of the provisions of the Constitution itself. You will recollect that, on his theory, powerful appeals have been made to the people of the North to agree to Lecompton. Mr. Buckalew, of our State Senate, based his plausible, yet unsound, report upon it, while John Van Buren and others rung the changes upon it until it was elevated into a new article of the Democratic faith. But now Mr. English in order to obtain the support of the seventy-six Southern Democrats in the House, who lately voted to strike out that provision, *deliberately expunges it from the new programme, and so leaves Lecompton purely and simply a pro-slavery Constitution.*

This is a stinging comment on the inconsistency of the Lecompton men who support English's project. The New York Times presents another striking view of the subject. The paper says:

Mr. Howard, of Michigan, hit the vulnerable point of this bill when he said that it made the admission of a slave State easier than that of a free State. It requires the population to be larger for a free State than for a slave State. It allows 40,000 people under a slave constitution to have a Representative in Congress, but denies the right to a Free State unless it has 100,000 inhabitants.

So unjust a discrimination as this in favor of slavery, is abhorrent to every fair-minded person. It strikes [illegible] equality and creates a direct and odious discrimination against freedom. It is the boldest possible form of Congressional intervention, and violates utterly the spirit and the letter of the Nebraska bill. It sets a precedent which may recoil upon its contrivers. It points out a way in which, they themselves being judges, future Congresses may discriminate against slavery in Territories, even if they cannot prohibit it.

The Place For School-Ma'ams.

Prentice of the Louisville Journal, relates the following experience of his in sending schoolma'ams South:

Some may think it strange (it isn't though) that, ever since the time when we remarked in our paper that nine tenths of all the hundreds of young women sent by us to the South as teachers have got married there, we have been literally overwhelmed with applications from New England, New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

We do not think, that, in justice to such of our Southern friends as are in want of teachers we can send any girl that will not pledge herself to us to continue at least six months in the business. We know that the conditions seem hard, but really we shall have to be inexorable.

About three years ago, the trustees of a fine female academy in one of the Southern States wrote to us to send them a teacher. We sent a very beautiful and accomplished young lady, and they promptly wrote a letter of warm thanks for the selection. In about three months they wrote to us again, telling us that their teacher had got married and requesting us to send them yet another. We did send them another, quite as beautiful and accomplished as the first, and they were as they might be, very much delighted with her. In just about three months, however, they applied to us a third time, begging us to send them still another, the second having got married like the first.

In their last application, however, they insisted that the lady sent them should be plain looking, and not less than thirty-five years old. The conditions were difficult, and we did not succeed in complying with them.

We prevailed upon our friends, and the trustees, to accept a richly talented lady who was neither old nor ugly, she giving us her honor that she would not marry in less than half a year. We understand that she held out like a brave, good girl to the end of the specified time, but not a day afterwards.

English Jockeys.—Porter's Spirit of Times says the yearly profits of the engagements of the first class English jockeys will average from six to ten thousand dollars a year. They frequently charge their first master, or the gentleman whose horses they must ride, a preference to all others at the same meeting, as high as £400, or $2,000 a year. Their next subscriber or master, they of course ride much less for, and so on down to the ninth or tenth. Besides these regular engagements and income, it is the custom to give them fifty guineas when they win a large stake, and often a hundred.

THE BIBLE.

'Tell me where the Bible is, and where it is not,' observed an American clergyman, who has returned from a tour on the Continent, 'and I will write a moral geography of the world. I will show in all particulars, the physical condition of the people. One glance of your eye will inform you where it is not. Go to Italy—decay, degradation, suffering, meet your eye on every side. Commerce droops, agriculture sickens, the useful arts languish. There is heaviness in the air; you feel cramped by some invisible power; the people dare not speak aloud; they walk slowly; an armed soldiery is around their dwellings, the armed police takes from the stranger his Bible in the Bookstores—it is not there; or in a form so large and expensive as to be beyond the reach of the common people. The preacher takes no text from the Bible. Enter the Vatican, and enquire for a Bible, and you will be pointed to some case, where it reposes among prohibited works of Diderot, Rousseau and Voltaire. But pass over the Alps into Switzerland, and down the Rhine into Holland, and over the channel into England and Scotland, and what an amazing contrast meets the eye! Men look with an air of independence: there are industry, neatness, instruction for children. Why this difference? There is no brighter sky—there no fairer scenes of nature—but they have the Bible; and happy are the people who are in such a case, for it is righteousness that exalteth a nation.

A Touching Incident.

A little boy had died. His body was laid out in a darkened room, waiting to be laid in the cold, lone grave. His afflicted mother and bereaved little sister went in to look at the sweet face of the precious sleeper, for his face was beautiful even in death.

As they stood gazing on the face of one on beloved and cherished, the little girl asked to shake his hand. The mother at first did not think it best, but the child repeated the request, and seemed very anxious about it; she took the cold bloodless hand of her sleeping boy and placed it in the hands of his weeping sister.

The dear child looked at it a moment, caressed it fondly, and then looked up to her mother through tears and love, and said:

"Mother this hand never struck me"

What could have been more touching or lovely?

A Groan from the 'Organ.'

The government "organ" is down on its knees, and is compelled to admit that the Buchanan administration is in a hopeless condition. When it is remembered that the party which placed this administration in power, has the political control of both houses of Congress, it does not speak much in favor of the personal strength of our President, that affairs should be in the condition represented by the Union. The following shows how the "organ" feels in this matter:

"The Washington Union admits that the Administration is broken down, and can carry none of its measures through Congress. The Union complains loudly of *faction.*" It says that a "*little squad*" of Northern bolters have defeated the President's Kansas policy, while another "*little squad*" of Southern bolters embarrass his Utah policy. It closes by saying that even the deficiency bill, "*a great measure of public necessity and urgency, must owe its passage to Black Republican favor.*" The Union adds:

"We cannot blind ourselves to the effect which this cross fire upon the Democratic organization, first from the North, then from the South, is producing upon it. The Black Republican party already conduct themselves as if they were masters of the field; and in proportion as they are strong and confident, are our own friends despondent and distrustful. The Northern Democrats who have so nobly stood the defence of the organization in the trying crisis thro' which they are fighting, have done so only to see that organization assailed by Southern impracticables, the moment any other than the Kansas question arises in the House. It is impossible to calculate the mischief which this course of proceeding must produce, if longer persisted in."

Unwise Men.

The following are a few of the characters coming under this head:

The jealous man; who poisons his own banquet, and then eats it.

The miser; that starves himself to death that his heirs may feast.

The mean man; who bites his own nose to despite a neighbor.

The angry man; who sets his own house on fire that he may burn up another's.

The slanderer; who tells tales, and gives his enemy a chance to prove him a liar.

The self-conceited man; who attaches more consequence to dignity than to common sense.

The proud man; who fails in the estimation of sensible observers, in proportion as he rises in his own.

The envious man; who cannot enjoy life and prosperity, because others do.

The dishonest man; who cheats his own soul more vitally than he does his fellowmen.

The robber; who, for the consideration of dollars and cents, gives the world liberty to hang him.

The inconsiderate man; *who neglects to pay the printer.*

☞ The St. Louis Republican (Dem.) says it is now manifest, that the election in that State, next August, is to turn upon the question of abolishing slavery within its limits.

☞ Osceola, a horse, was sold at Boston, a few days ago, for $2,000.

AN IRISHMAN'S CONFIDENCE.

A banker in Dubuque found it necessary the other day to suspend business.—Soon after he was accosted by an Irishman, who had $6,000 deposited with him. Said Pat, 'Good morning, Mr. M, faith an' it's well you're looking this morning, considering the weather. But sure it's sorry I am, Mr. M., to see that card of yours out in the papers. But never do you mind such trifles as that, man—take courage and hold up your head as high as iver—the trouble of the thing will soon blow over. And as for that $6,000 balance of mine, just keep it as long as you want it—I have no use for the lousy dollars—and I know yees for an honest man, and perfectly good for the same at any time. Kape it, sir, and pleasant drames be wid ye.'

Mr. M. expressed his thanks, and the banker and depositor separated. But on the following day Mr. M. was startled from his 'pleasant drames' by the presentation of a check for $6,000, bearing the name of his Hibernian friend. Not knowing exactly how to understand the matter, Mr. M. sent for Patrick, when the following explanation took place:

'Well, you see, Mr. M., Peggy, that is my wife, has been raising the very d——l about the money—and just to pacify the poor ignorant crathur that it was all safe, I thought, be dad, that I'd just send for it and count it out all over before her ugly face, and then she'd consent to my lavin' it wid ye, together with the other $4,000 that is giving us so much throuble to kape from being stolen from us.'

To such an explanation, together, with the new temptation of $4,000 additional, the banker could take no exceptions—so he counted out the $6,000 in gold. But that was the last of the Irishman.

The banker, meeting him a few days afterwards, demanded another explanation.

'Och, the truth is, Mr. M., it's meself that has been ashamed to see yees. Peggy, that d—— of a wife of mine, you see, has hid the money, and bother me if I can find it at all, and that's the very truth, sir.'

The banker made a graceful tender of his hat, but Pat generously declined to accept the same, although justly entitled to it.—*Burlington Gazette.*

CONQUEST OF INDIA.

The fall of Lucknow may fairly be regarded as the close of that most terrible rebellion in British India. The power of Great Britain was, perhaps, never more fully exhibited than in the suppression of this fearful insurrection among nearly one-sixth of the human race.

But what to do with India is now an awfully puzzling question. The British public appear, by general consent, to say that longer prevail. To devise a substitute, has so far proved a failure. Lord Palmerston, with all his experience in statesmanship, and all his knowledge of his countrymen, stranded his Ministry in the effort to govern India by a council of eight, with a Cabinet Minister as President. The Derby Ministry have proposed to govern India through a Board of Eighteen—one-half to be appointed by the Crown—the other half to be elective.

The machinery by which these members are elected, and the special qualifications of the whole Board, are too complicated to be understood by our people.

But even this bill, devised with consummate skill to avoid the objections against the Palmerston project, appears most likely to meet with a similar fate. The truth, then, appears to be that Great Britain has not yet made up her mind how her new conquest shall be governed.—*Pitts. Jour.*

A Good One.—A few days since, a rough country looking fellow entered one of the New York Banks, and marching to the counter exclaimed, 'Here I am, I want you to take a fair look at me.' Without a word further he strode out. The next day the same customer appeared, uttered the same words, and again disappeared. The third day, at about the same time, he walked in, and advancing to the teller's desk, threw down a draft payable in three days after sight. 'Now,' said he, 'you've seen me three times, I want the money for it'

Wealth of the United States.—The aggregate wealth of the United States amounts to $12,000,000,000, and the population is 24,000,000 souls. The wealth, divided by the population, gives $500 to each person, young and old; and counting five persons to each family, it would give the handsome little fortune of $2,500 to every family in the Republic, not excluding the slaves.

☞ A good anecdote is told of the conductor of the passenger train on the M. & C. R. R. between Cincinnati and Marietta. On a recent trip the train overtook a cripple, limping along by the side of the track, when the conductor kindly invited him to get in and ride. The wooden legged man thanked him, and replied that he would not, as he was in a hurry.

☞ Mr. B.'s little daughter came running to her aunt one day, saying, "Aunt Kate, Aunt Kate, little Mattie has swallowed a button!" Seeing her terror, her aunt calmly replied, "Well! what good will that do her?" "Not any good as I see, *unless she swallows a button hole!* said the child, very seriously.

☞ May is considered an unfortunate marrying month. A down east editor says a girl was asked not long since to unite herself in the silken tie to a brisk lad, who named May in his proposals. The lady tenderly intimated that May was an unlucky month for marrying.

'Well make it June then,' honestly replied the swain anxious to accommodate.

The damsel paused a moment, hesitated, cast down her eyes and said with a blush, 'Wouldn't April do as well?'

FROM WASHINGTON.

Passage of Mr. English's Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—*Senate:* The consideration of the report of the Conference Committee on the Kansas bill was resumed, and addresses were delivered by Messrs. Broderick and Seward. Before Mr. Seward had concluded, Mr. Bigler announced that the bill had passed the House. Considerable sensation was manifested on the galleries and the floor. Mr. Seward resumed, saying that the announcement caused him no discouragement. It was but little matter, practically, whether it was the last defeat or the first victory.

After some discussion as to points of order, the vote on the question was taken and resulted as follows: Yeas 31, Nays 22. The Senators generally voting the same as previously.

Mr. Hunter moved that the Senate recede from the amendments to the deficiency bill, which was carried without debate, by 25 against 24.

The Senate then adjourned.

House—The consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on the Kansas bill was resumed.

Mr. Bonham of S. C., moved the previous question.

Mr. Grow, of Pa., moved, but the House refused to order a call of the House.

The demand for the previous question was seconded. During roll call the House was unusually quiet. The result on adopting the Kansas report was, yeas 112, nays 103, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ahl, Anderson, Avery, Barksdale, Bishop, Bocock, Bowie, Boyce, Branch, Bryan, Burnett, Burns, Caruthers, Caskie, Clark, of Mo., Clay, Clemens, Cobb, Clingman, John Cochrane, Cockerill, Corning, Cox, Craig, of Mo., Craige, of N. C., Crawford, Curry, Davidson, Dewart, Dowdell, Edmunson, Elliott, English, Eustis, Florence, Foley, Garnett, Gartrell, Gillis, Gilmer, Goode, Greenwood, Gregg, Groesbeck, Hall, of Ohio, Hatch, Hawkins, Hopkins, Houston, Hughes, Huyler, Jackson, Jenkins, Jewett, Jones, of Tenn., J. Glancy Jones, Owen Jones, Keitt, Kelly, Kunkel, of Md., Lamar, Landy, Lawrence, Leidy, Letcher, Maclay, M'Queen, Maynard, Mason, Miles, Miller, Millson, Moore, Niblack, Pendleton, Pryton, Phelps, Phillips, Powell, Ready, Reagan, Reilly, Ruffin, Russell, Saudidge, Savage, Scales, Scott, Searing, Seward, Shaw, of N. C., Shorter, Sickles, Singleton, Smith of Tenn., Smith, of Va., Stallworth, Stephens, Stevenson, Talbot, Trippe, Ward, Watkins, White, Whitely, Winslow, Woodson, Wortendyke, Wright, of Ga., Wright, of Tenn., Zollicoffer.

Nays—Messrs. Abbot, Adrain, Andrews, Bennett, Billinghurst, Bingham, Blair, Bliss, Botham, Brayton, Buffington, Burlingame, Burroughs, Campbell, Case, Chaffee, Chapman, Clark, of Conn.; Clark, of N. Y.; Clawson, Chas. B. Cochrane, Colfax, Comins, Covode, Cragin, Curtis, Damrell, Davis, of Md.; Davis, of Ind.; Davis, of Mass.; Davis, of Iowa; Dawes, Dean, Dick, Dodd, Durfee, Edie, Farnesworth, Fenton, Foster, Giddings, Gilman, Gooch, Goodwin, Granger, Grow, Hall, of Mass., Harlan, Harris, of Md.; Harris, of Ill., Haskin, Hickman, Hoard, Howard, Kellogg, Kelsey, Kilgore, Knapp, Leech, Leiter, Lovejoy, McKibben, Marshall, of Ky; Marshall, of Ill.; Morgan, Morris, of Pa; Morris, of Ill.; Morse, of Me; Morse, of N. Y.; Mott, Murray, Nichols, Olin, Palmer, Pettit, Pike, Potter, Pottle, Quitman, Ricaud, Ritchie, Robbins, Roberts, Royce, Shaw, of Ill.; Sherman, of Ohio; Sherman, of N. Y.; Spinner, Stanton, Stewart of Pa; Tappan, Thayer, Tompkins, Underwood, Wade, Walbridge, Waldron, Walton, Washburne, of Illinois; Washburne, of Maine.

Mr. English moved to reconsider the vote by which the report was agreed to, and to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Washburne, of Ill., demanded the yeas and nays on that motion, which was agreed to, and the motion was adopted by 113 against 100.

A message was received from the Senate containing an announcement of the concurrence of that body in Committee of Conference of the Kansas Bill.

The English Bill Illustrated.

The unfortunate gentlemen who have swallowed the English bolus at the last grasp have waited till the Lecompton compound assumed its most nauseous and revolting shape. They rebelled against the straight-out surrender contained in the first Senate bill, and they rebelled with noise and confusion; and from that time to the present, nothing would suit them but the pure principle of popular sovereignty.—These Owen Joneses of the House took enormous credit to themselves for their Roman integrity, and to hear them talk one would have supposed that they would rather give up their valuable lives than their personal honor. But just as the Lecompton folly got to be most disgusting, when like a great ulcer, it offended all the senses of honest men, they come forward and accept it, and accept it too with thanks!—Messrs. Hunter, of the Senate, and Stephens, of the House, (both Southern men,) seem determined to test the endurance of eleventh-hour converts from the North; and so, after making the English bill as objectionable as they could, they rose, each in his place, and declared that it was not the purpose of the bill that the Constitution of Kansas should go to the people at all! It was hardly fair to their new recruits; but, then, the Southern leaders knew their men. —*Phil. Ledger.*

Washington, May 1.—The Cabinet were in session when the Kansas bill was passed, and the information was promptly conveyed to them. Salutes were fired near the capitol and in the vicinity of the President's house, as well as elsewhere. The Senate being in executive session to-day, confirmed a number of appointments, and among them that of J. C. Vandyke, as District Attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. Various members of Congress have paired off for the purpose of forthwith returning to their homes.

☞A new convert in New York has returned $1,500 dollars to the United States Treasury, which he got unlawfully, he says, under the late Administration. Should the revival reach any considerable portion of Pearce's and Buchanan's agents, we may hope for a decided improvement in the condition of the treasury, to say nothing of quieted consciences.

THE ACCIDENT AT ALLIANCE.

The following details of the accident which occurred at Alliance on Friday last, we copy from the Portage County *Democrat:*

The exercises of the Exhibition were commenced at about six o'clock on Friday afternoon, in a new octagon "Town Hall," owned by Mr. Matthias Hester.

The audience room of the Hall is upon the second floor, and is some forty-eight in diameter. The building is a wooden one—the lower story being designed for a market room, and the upper one for a public hall. The floor of the upper, or audience room, was supported by six brick pillars, and would, to all appearance, have supported any weight that might have been put upon it. The audience was quite a large one, the Hall, capable of holding some four or five hundred, being filled to the extent of its capacity. While it was yet light, at near seven o'clock, about two-thirds of the floor suddenly gave way in the center of the room, precipitating the audience down to the basement. The ceiling overhead was supported by four large wooden pillars, two of which fell upon the people, doing most of the injury that was done to individuals. One of the pillars struck a little girl about twelve years of age, named Lolina Atkins—a daughter of Caleb Atkins—instantly killing her by breaking her neck. Mr. Henry Monroe, aged about thirty-three, a citizen of Atwater, received a severe blow upon the head, causing a violent concussion of the brain. On Monday he had not recovered consciousness, but was doing as well as could be expected, and it is thought will recover.

Mrs. Mordecai Lee had her collar bone broken by being struck with the piano, which was rolled upon her by the falling of the floor. Mrs. Lee received this severe blow in protecting her child which was in her arms. The wife of A. L. Jones, Esq., received slight injuries. Miss Sheldon, of Atwater, received a blow in the back by a falling column. Mrs. Newton Hester also received an injury by the falling of the same column.

Mr Mansfield, of Atwater, was somewhat injured. Plimpton Kinet, a lad of about fourteen years old, received something of an injury. Misses Georgia and Debda Welch, of Ravenna, received severe injuries.

Messrs. Isaac and Joshua Vance, of this town, were in Alliance at this time, and were upon the point of entering the Hall at the very moment the crash took place, but fortunately they were able to keep out of harm's way.

The portion of the room that fell in must have been occupied by over three hundred persons. The portion occupied by the stage and scholars remained standing.

Mrs. Picket, wife of the principal, at the moment of the disaster, was sitting right on the point where the floor parted. Quicker than it can be related, she with remarkable forethought sprang and succeeded in getting to another part of the room, where a girl was holding her (Mrs. P.'s) child, and got out of the building entirely unharmed. The top of the stove—a large canon coal stove—was knocked off; the remaining portion of the stove was filled with a mass of red hot coals. A gentleman promptly drew off his overcoat, put it upon the coals, and stamping upon it, succeeded in preventing the fire from doing harm.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Governor Walker, in his recent letter to Messrs. Cox and Lawrence, said that the Conference Kansas bill, as interpreted by him, was in precise conformity with his views and course, not only in Kansas, but since his return, and in following the path where duty and conscience bade him go, he must support it.—If, he adds, the odious Lecompton Constitution, born in fraud and baptized in perjury, is defeated by an overwhelming majority of the people of Kansas, thus demonstrating by practical results, the truth of my interpretation this bill does in fact submit the Constitution to the popular suffrage for ratification or rejection, which is what I have required. With such a bill and such a decision of the people under it, no formidable effort will ever be again made to withhold from the people of inchoate States a vote for or against the ratification or rejection of the State Constitution, and the oligarchical doctrine of constitutional sovereignty abandoned.

Senator Biggs was to day confirmed by the Senate as Judge of the U. S District Court for North Carolina in the place of Henry Potter, recently deceased, who occupied that station for 56years, he being appointed by Jefferson.

Judge Loring, of Massachusetts, was nominated by the President to supply the vacancy in the Court of Claims, occasioned by the death of Gilchrist. Nearly all the Democratic Senators united in the request for his appointment. R. H. Gillet, was also to-day nominated as Solicitor of the Court of Claims in place of Blair, removed. These two nominations have not yet been acted upon.

The object of Mr. Grow in asking leave to introduce a resolution in the House was to prevent speculators from absorbing the public lands, leaving the pre-emtion laws as they now exist.

The Fort Snelling Swindle.

The report of the majority of the select committee on the facts and circumstances attending the sale of Fort Snelling enters fully into the history of the proceedings—says that the sale was effected with such privacy that outside of the Secretary of War none but the combination immediately interested had any knowledge of it, and that the facts obtained publicity only after the confirmation of sale by the Secretary of War; that no special authority was given him to sell nor did existing laws confer the power to sell military posts or reservations until they had already become useless, and not merely contemplated to become useless, that this legal occasion for the sale of Fort Sneeling had not occurred, and hence was without legal authority; that the preliminaries of the sale were being made while there was actual and threatened hostilities. The committee show the value of the Fort as a depot, and that the price paid for it is below its intrinsic value, and say that publicity for the sale ought to have been sought and the land subdivided into parcels to enable men of small means to buy, and that the sale was not authorized by law.

BEAVER ARGUS

M. WEYAND, Editor & Proprietor

BEAVER, PA.,

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1858.

Meeting of County Committee.

A meeting of the members of the Republican County Committee will be held at the Court House, on THURSDAY, May 6th, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Punctual attendance is earnestly requested, as business of importance will be brought forward.

JAMES DARRAGH, Ch'n.

The following gentlemen constitute the Committee: James Darragh, William B. McGuffick, Wm. K. Boden, Hugh Anderson, Geo. N. Taylor, William B. Courtney, David Crichlow, Silas Merrick, T. J. Chandler, William Porter, Samuel Ecoff, John Slents, John McCarter, Milton Lawrence, William Shroder, R. C. Scott, James Orr.

☞Philom's communication will appear next week.

The Outrage Committed!

We were among the few who believed from the first that the Lecompton Constitution would eventually be forced through Congress. It will be seen elsewhere that the English Conference bill passed both branches on Friday, and is doubtless, ere this, by the signature of the President, made a law. This bill does not submit the Lecompton Constitution to a vote of the people of Kansas. The Southern managers would not under any circumstances agree to so reasonable a proposition. It simply proposes that if the people will accept the Lecompton instrument, the Government will donate to them Four or Five Millions acres of the public lands, for purposes of internal improvement. The *generosity* of this proposal is made strikingly apparent, when it is recollected that all the Western States have had immense grants of land given them, for like purposes, and without subjection to a degrading condition such as is sought to be entailed upon Kansas. If this grant is accepted, Kansas comes in under the Lecompton Constitution, as a Slave State, with a population of about 36,000. But, if this proposition is voted down, she will be compelled to remain outside the Union, until her population shall reach at least 100,000, which, under the most favorable circumstances, must be five or six years hence. Could there be any thing more unfair? Was there ever a more glaring discrimination in favor of Slavery and against Freedom? The bill is more fraudulent and iniquitous than the naked Lecompton scheme. The latter stood out bold and distinct in its deformity. The former is specious, and addresses itself wholly to the cupidity of the people. The acceptance would be as humiliating, as the proposition is dishonorable. We hope the scheme will be spurned, and the authors and supporters consigned to a forgetfulness so profound, that the Government places that now know them will soon know them no more forever.

M. E. CONFERENCE.—The Pittsburgh Conference now in session at Cambridge, O., has continued Rev's. J. K. Miller, J. Dillon, J. F. Nessly, and Z. H Coston as supernumerary preachers, and Rev's. J. Monroe, J. White, A. Jackson, H. Cree and W. P. Blackburn, as superannuated preachers. Over 150 ministers are in attendance. The next annual Conference is to be held in South Common Church, Allegheny City. The following are the appointments for this county:

Freedom—T. Storer.

New Brighton—T. J. Higgins.

Beaver—S. M. Hickman.

Bridgewater—J. D Cramer.

Enon Valley—W. H. Tibbles, J. B Uber.

FOR KANSAS.—Messrs. Isaac and Hiram Noss, of Brighton township, started recently for Kansas, in charge of a Ferry boat, built at Industry, and designed to ply across the Missouri river, at or near White Cloud. Another boat we understand is nearly completed, and will shortly start for the same place.

☞Thos. Williams, Esq., is spoken of as a candidate for Congress, in the District composed of Butler and a portion of Allegheny county. Mr. W. would make his mark in Congress; for, to our mind, he is the ablest and most effective orator in Pennsylvania. His nomination, however, is rather uncertain. The position he assumed last fall, in the Railroad-bond controversy, in opposition to his party, will doubtless bear heavily against him.

THE BEAVER FEMALE SEMINARY is to be re-opened to day, under the auspices of Prof. Davenport. Mr D. comes recommended as an accomplished scholar, and highly successful teacher. The monetary troubles having measurably subsided, we confidently anticipate a prosperous season for this Institution, as well as for the two Departments of Beaver Academy.

☞Dr. O. Cunningham left on Saturday, for Washington City, to attend the National Medical Association which assembled yesterday. He went as a delegate from the State at large, as well as the representative of the society of this county.

MEETING OF SYNOD.—The General Synod of the Associate Reformed Church, meets in Allegheny on Monday, the 17th inst.

JEFFERSON COLLEGE.—The Summer session of this venerable institution of learning opens to-day.

Disagreement between Doctors.

This bill (English's) provides for the submission of the Lecompton Constitution to the people of Kansas.—[Star, 30th ult.

As an offset to this opinion, we quote a remark or two made in the House of Representatives on Thursday last:

Mr. Gilman—Is the Constitution submitted?

Mr. Stephens—I tell you, gentlemen, distinctly, *it is not.*

Mr. Marshall—One of the managers, (Mr. Stephens) declares the principle of non-submission, while another (Mr. English) maintains that the constitution is to be submitted.

Mr. English—I want to know on what authority you make that statement. Give the time and place.

Mr. English is the author of the bill, and Mr. Stephens his colleague on the Committee of Conference. It will be seen that they do not agree with our neighbor.

MYSTERIOUS CONVERSION.—The conversion of Hon. S. S Cox, the Representative of the Columbus (O.) District, has been sudden and mysterious. He was the first Democrat in the House of Representatives to break ground against the Lecompton Constitution. He did it, too, in gallant style. He called Heaven to witness that he would resist it to the end unless it was submitted to a fair vote of the people. Upon the presentation of English's Bill, he wrote a highly denunciatory letter to the Ohio Statesman, characterizing the scheme as more wicked and fraudulent than Lecompton itself. The ink had scarcely become dry, before he changed front, and became the active supporter of the bill. It would of course be harsh to say that he had been tampered with, but it would perhaps be well enough to keep trace of his subsequent movements, and see whether his name is not closely allied with a Consulship, or something of kindred character.

HEAVY VERDICTS.—In the District Court of Mahoning county, O., the following verdicts were rendered against the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, for damages sustained by the collision near Darlington station in 1855: Henry Mansfield a verdict for $7,458 but consented to take judgment for $6,000; Norman S. Way, $4,760, and Bernard Dougherty, $250.

NEW MAIL ROUTE.—A new mail route from Beaver to Frankfort, by way of Parkinson and Service, twice a week, has been established by the Post Office Department. The contract for carrying the mail has been awarded to Mr. James Smith, at $300 per annum.

LIFE IN THE WEST.—A friend writing to us from Jennings county, Indiana, says: 'Provisions are cheap and abundant—wheat 50 cents; corn, 31; potatoes 25; butter 10; eggs 5. Immense droves of pigeons are hovering constantly around the neighborhood. Some sportsmen from Cincinnati recently killed 1500 in fifteen hours.'

MERITED COMPLIMENT.—We concur heartily in the compliment our neighbor pays to ALLEN B. LEET, the young gentleman who serves our citizens with daily papers, magazines, &c. For promptness, honesty, and suavity of disposition, he is an honor to his profession. We hope a patronage commensurate with his merits will be extended to him, so that he will become a permanent fixture in this community.

WORTHY OF IMITATION.—The Directors of the Franklin Bank of Washington, Pa., recently burnt up $40,000 of notes which had become somewhat ragged. If some of the other Banks would but call in their patched, torn and ragged issue, and follow this wholesome example a vast improvement would be effected.

MONUMENT TO THE SOLDIERS.—An Act passed the late Legislature providing for the erection of a monument to the brave men who fell in the war with Mexico.—Among the commissioners named in the bill, to supervise its erection, we observe that of Gen. Thos J. Power, of this county.

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.—Dr. J. W Wallace, R. R McCombs, and John D. Raney, Esq's. are announced in the New Castle papers as candidates for the Congressional nomination in this District.

LOST AT SEA.—It was ascertained a few days ago, that a son of W. S. Haven, Esq., the well known printer of Pittsburgh, was lost in the Pacific ocean, near the Sandwich Islands, about two years ago. He was in his eighteenth year at the time of his death.

NEW PATENT.—Mr. T. B. White, of New Brighton, has received a Patent for improvement in Metallic Shoes for the braces of truss girders.

☞An adjourned Court was held on Monday, to hear arguments in relation to matters pretaining to the Car Factory assignment. Still another is to be held on the 17th inst.

WESTERN WHEAT CROP.—Our Western exchanges unite in representing the Wheat crop as looking more promising than in any spring for the last eight or ten years.

ANOTHER TRIAL.—Ten Broeck, the racer, has gone back to try his luck once more against the English horses.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Hon. John K. Sutherland, Judge of Probate Court, died very suddenly, on Wednesday last, at his residence in Steubenville.

STATE EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION.—At the Editorial Convention recently held in Philadelphia, some thirty newspaper establishments were represented. The following are the officers for the ensuing year: President, Morton McMichael; Vice Presidents, L. S. Tate, J. G. Patterson, R. Lyle White, J. P. Barr, P. R. Freas, H. S. Evans, Edward Scull; Treasurer—L. A. Godey; Secretaries—C. J. Peterson, J. M. Kuester, Geo. Raymond. The first annual meeting of the Association will be held in Philadelphia on the third Wednesday in June.

☞The N. Y. Tribune contradicts the statement that Gov. R. J. Walker approves Mr. English's Kansas bill. He is said to speak of it as detestable; but it has passed now, and we have but another evidence that northern doughfaces don't stand fire. As to the ultimate result, Mr. Seward exhibits his usual clear foresight. Neither Slavery nor "Democracy" can stand many such victories over right, justice, "popular sovereignty," and every principle avowed as the creed of party hitherto. That the people of Kansas can be either driven or bribed into accepting the Lecompton constitution on the terms offered, we have not thought possible, and cannot for a moment believe—for we cannot think them capable of accepting a Constitution born of fraud, and hitherto repudiated with hate and scorn, because a bribe is now offered to them. No, they dare not do such a meanness—dare not, as they must by acceptance now, proclaim to all the world that the previous rejection was insincere—that they were base lying hypocrites, caring nothing for Freedom, while setting the whole country in commotion and discord for their sake. Not only will they reject, but they cannot fail to regard this proposition as an insult, gross and palpable—an insolent presumption that they are devoid of principle, and very cheaply purchasable. Let us calmly wait and see.

☞PRENTICE, who is all right on the Lecompton Question, lets off the following characteristic paragraphs, in a late issue of his paper,

"The course of Senator Green, of Missouri, is unquestionably disapproved by a large majority of the people of that State.

He will disappear from the public service as soon as his constituents can get him out. Thenceforth he will be *"invisible Green."*

"It is said, that, when Mr. Buchanan, at a late interview with Mr. Douglas, reminded him of the fate of certain political rebels in Jackson's time, Douglas replied with insulting significance, "Jackson is dead."

"The editor of the *Southern Democrat* says that he carries water only upon one shoulder. He carries it on both shoulders, but tries to make up for this by carrying none on his stomach.

"John Mitchell, the Irishman, is anxious that something should be done immediately to stop the free speech of the Hon. John Bell in the U. S. Senate. He is not the only political miscreant disposed to cry out with Macbeth, "stop that dreadful Bell,

Change of Time.—The New Brighton Accommodation train, which formerly left the Federal street depot at 10 o'clock in the morning and 4:30 in the afternoon, now leaves at 9:40 in the morning, and 5 in the afternoon. This is an important change, and one which should be made generally known, as the travel by this train is very large. In this connection we would mention that the clever and attentive Conductor, Williams, is now on a tour through the west, and his place is now filled by Conductor Hall, a gentleman every way qualified for the position. Mr. Hall is an obliging and attentive officer, and fully understands the wants of the trade in which his train is run.—*Pitts. Jour.*

DOUGLAS' PROBABLE SUCCESSOR.—Should the republicans secure a majority in the Illinois legislature, to be chosen next November, it seems to be understood on all hands that they will select a true and tried friend of their cause to succeed Judge Douglas. Only one person is seriously named in this connection, as yet, and a general agreement in his favor is probable. This is Hon. Abram Lincoln, formerly of the House of Representatives. He but just missed of an election, instead of Judge Trumbull, the present republican Senator from Illinois. As there are to be two democratic State tickets in the field at the next election, unless there is some very abrupt backing down, it is nearly certain that the republicans will carry the State, and have full control of the legislature.

☞A CHICAGO paper says that the old man who sold pop-corn in the hall of the Chicago post-office, having chanced to express himself in opposition to Mr. Buchanan's Lecomptonism, has been expelled from the hall by the postmaster. None but genuine Buchanan Lecompton Democrats must sell pop-corn in any of the postoffices of the country. This will severely test the political virtue of the pop-corn men of the United States.

THE CREVASSE OPPOSITE NEW ORLEANS.—The New Orleans Crescent, of the 22d, says of the Crevasse opposite that city:

The Crevasse is still monarch of all it surveys. The battle with it progressed yesterday, but the crevasse progressed as well. The flood back of McDonoughville rose yesterday at the rate of an inch in four hours, and is within two squares of the river.

☞The rolling mills of the Trenton (N. J.) Iron Company are again running, and about one hundred hands were employed last week. The trustees of the Montour (Pa) Iron Company started another furnace last week, and the Danville iron works are in operation, except the new wing of the Montour mill, and one furnace.

☞Judge Lecompte is holding court at Lecompton. In one week he dismissed from the docket one hundred and fifty of the suits instituted against Free State men for purposes of persecution. Most of these indictments were for the highest crimes, such as murder, arson, robbery and the like. The notorious Dr. Stringfellow, almost the last of the old guard of pro-slavery democracy, has left the territory and gone home to Virginia.

The New Liquor Law.

The Harrisburgh Telegraph, of Monday evening last, publishes the charge of Judge PEARSON to the Grand Jury of the Court of Quarter Sessions, now in session in Dauphin County, in which his honor thus speaks of the liquor law passed by the last legislature:

"His Honor remarked to the Grand Jury that they need not inquire into any violation of the Liquor law, as the punishing such offences was repealed by the late law, without protecting the Commonwealth. All these charges were therefore at end. He further remarked that the Court was bound to grant all licenses for which applications were made, provided the applicant could get 12 men to sign his application, and they might even be of the worst character. The Court had no discretionary power left whatever, if 12 men would certify that the applicant had the requisite character. The law in general was condemned, and some of its provisions severely commented upon. He remarked that the County Treasurer was bound to grant all licenses for Restaurants that made application to him, and that the Courts had only power to grant tavern licenses.

WHERE THE UNCURRENT MONEY GOES.—In a case of conspiracy tried at Chicago last week, some curious developments were made as to the uncurrent money trade. A young man named Norris was arrested on a charge of having counterfeit money in his possession, in order to detain him in town to prevent his appearing as a witness in an action of tort to be tried in Iowa. The charge was dismissed, the facts being these: Norris had in his possession uncurrent bank notes representing over $100,000, which he had purchased of a Boston broker at ten cents on the dollar, with the avowed purpose of selling it to the "Greasers" in New Mexico. So here is an explanation of those heretofore incomprehensable window signs. "Uncurrent money bought and sold.

THE WEATHER AND THE FRUIT.—The Cleveland Leader says:

In this vicinity the snows and frosts of Saturday and Sunday did no special injury except to the most tender plants. The frost Monday night the 26th, was white and severe, cutting lettuce and asparagus under glass. Cherries on the warm sand ridges are in bloom, and some of the fruit growers in market yesterday morning expressed apprehension that the crop is much injured, if not entirely cut off. The peach is not fully in blossom, and it is hoped the partial crop spared by the winter is still safe.

From Utah.

ST LOUIS.—April 30—The Leavenworth corespondent of the Republican says that the Peace Commissioners, McCullough and Powell, left for Utah on the 25th, with an escort of six men.

The movements to occupy the Platte district await the arrival of General Smith, now at the fort.

There are now ready for service fifteen hundred cavalry horses, two hundred artillery horses, and thirty five hundred mules. Messrs. Russell, Major & Waddell have dispatched, in all three hundred and twelve wagons, and have five hundred and fifty now being got in readiness.

☞The population of Mexico is about eight millions, and the debt about 180 millions of dollars.

☞The late Vice President of the Illinois Central railroad, whose salary was $10,000, claims some $160,000 in addition for his services in England in purchasing iron and selling bonds.

☞A Salem (Oregon) paper estimates the present population of that Territory as follows:—White Inhabitants 75,000, Chinese 5000, negroes 300—total 80,300. Number of voters about 15,000.

☞Mr English, of Indiana, felt hurt by some pungent remarks of Senator Broderick, concerning his trickery, and called on Mr B and asked him to retract. Mr. Broderick's response was: *"Get out of my way you puppy."* Mr. English obeyed.

FRUIT.—A fruit-grower writes as follows to the Cincinnati *Gazette:*

"On elevated positions in the vicinity of the city, but little damage has been done to the fruit by the frost of Tuesday. On low situations, and near water, or on wet and flat lands, the injury has been greater.—The same remarks will apply to vineyards. My own orchard and vineyard have escaped.

Het Hollandsch Bitter.—We have received another certificate out at Grand Rapids, Michigan, dated 19th June, 1853.

Peter Dane, a Hollander, desires us to publish in the Nieuwsbode, that the Holland Bitters entirely cured him of Indigestion, Fever and Debility, with which he suffered all the spring. Peter Dane is grateful to the proprietors of this great remedy, and takes this way of recommending it to his countrymen.

J. QUINTUS,

Ed., Sheboygan Nieuwsbode, Sheboygan,

Detroit, May 1.—The friends of the Administration are rejoicing over the success of Lecompton. Thirty-two guns were fired to-day.

☞Light coats neatly made. Pants and vests suited to the season. Summer under wear of silk, and cotton, silk and linen hosiery, for men's and boy's wear at close rates for cash, by Carnaghan, Federal St. Allegheny City.

LUMBER.—The Jefferson *Star* says about twice as much square timber was taken out of the Clarion river this season, as was ever known before. About the usual 'run' of boards. This is vastly different from what was expected last Fall.

New Potatoes and Tomatoes were received in Alexandria, Va., last Monday, from Bermuda.

The State Treasurer of Wisconsin, makes public announcement that the treasury is empty, with $90,000 to be paid.

☞The mountains west of Cumberland, Md., were white with snow on Saturday last.

LIST OF JURORS, JUNE TERM, 1858.

GRAND JURORS.

Borough—David Ramsey, *Foreman*, B. Anderson, Wm. K. Boden, Thomas Jackson, Socrates Small.

Big Beaver—John Thompson.

Darlington—A. J. Cook, J. A. Frazier, Jos. Douthitt, Wm. Whan.

Economy—Thos. McKee, James S.

Fallston—Thos C. Hays, Lorenzo C.

Hopewell—John McKee.

Independence—James Sterling.

Industry—Charles Hays.

Moon—Henry Alcorn, Wm. McLean.

Marion—Nicholas Dumbaugh.

New Sewickly—Samuel Burns, Romigh.

Rochester—Jacob Warner.

South Beaver—John Culbertson.

PETIT JURORS.

Brighton Tp.—Jesse Carothers.

Big Beaver—Sam'l Barnes, Hiram Cox, Jas. M. Imbrie.

Chippewa—Abner Braden, David McLean.

Darlington—Ephraim Booth, James P Dilworth.

Economy—George Neely, Samuel Ramsey.

Freedom—Samuel Baker, Jacob Krouk.

Franklin—Thos. Moffatt.

Frankfort—Jas. Morrison.

Greene—Samuel Miller, Jos. Hall.

Hopewell—Walter Johnston.

Hanover—James Harsha.

Independence—Thos. Standish.

Marion—Joseph West, Wm. Buhl.

Moon—James Burnison.

New Brighton—Samuel Dunbar, James Fombell, Jas C. Jackson, John Miner.

New Sewickly—Samuel Dean, Abraham Musser, Sam'l Piersol.

North Sewickly—Eli D. Evans.

Ohio—Samuel Duncan, Isaac Shane.

Patterson—Thos. B. Wells.

Pulaski—John Alexander.

Raccoon—Reziu R. Gamble.

South Beaver—Samuel Moore, Stephen Calvin, Robt. Bradshaw.

[Advertisement.]

Gould's 2nd Spring Sale of Property AT BRIGHTON,

Will take place on Saturday May 8th '58.

Precisely at one o'clock P. M. unless the weather is bad; in such case, it will be the first fair day of the following week.

At the first Spring Sale, April 13, the weather was bad, and but little notice given, yet seven blocks, of sixteen lots each, were sold making 112 lots, 50 feet front.

At the forthcoming sale, a large crowd is anticipated, and hundreds of lots, blocks, and larger parcels, will be sold, (for they are already bespoken.)

Many persons in the immediate vicinity, and throughout the County, have waited for years, to be sure of good titles, and to get items for fair prices, which, hitherto, they could not get—now they can.

Mr. Patterson, and the Beaver Manufacturing Company, wanted $100 or $200 a lot. Now, these lots can be had for $30, $40 and $50 each; whole acres in town, for $100 to $150; a little out, for $40 and $50 per acre.

The Hundred Thousand Dollars which the Beaver Manufacturing Company have paid and lost, in the neighborhood, will now go into the pockets of those who buy this cheap property, which is being sold at about cost, to pay off remaining balances of purchase money, to Patterson, Robertson, Fetterman & Co. It will be sold, and will be free to those who buy.

It is hoped that a large portion may fall into the hands of industrious citizens, for their own use.

Arrangements are already in progress for the establishment of several large furnaces in the neighborhood, and for Rolling Mills, and other manufacturing establishments, at the Patterson Dam, and at the Adams Dam, (of which, many facts will be known in a few days,) as Brighton is just now to commence her onward march, as an Iron City, a manufacturing city, a younger sister of Pittsburgh.

Not to interfere with grounds, water power, and important business sites, at and near the two dams, the 100 acres below, and the 90 acres above, will not be offered now; the present sales will be from the 450 acre tract about midway between the two Dams.

Other Sales will soon follow, till all the property lately claimed by the Beaver Manufacturing Company, at Brighton, shall have been disposed of, from the east end of the Rail Road Bridge, in New Brighton, to the coal chute above Adam's Dam; two miles of margin on the Big Beaver, with a clear head and fall of 40 feet.

If not soon disposed of, at private sale, the Flouring Mill, and late residence of James Patterson, will be publicly offered in May, together with every other building and lot, once claimed by the Beaver Manufacturing Company, now controlled by the subscriber, who is authorized to close the whole concern, without delay, and for which purpose, he has the most ample authority, certified and shewn by the Records of Beaver County.

Maps, descriptions, and all necessary vouchers, and title papers, will be produced at the Sale. The hours of sale will accommodate all who come and go by rail roads, canals, &c. Appropriate refreshments, &c. may be obtained upon the premises.

☞Terms of sale made known at the hour of sale, 1 o'clock.

M. T. C. GOULD.

Rochester, April 27, 1858.

DIED—On the 3d inst., ANNA, daughter of John Weaver, of Vanport, aged 5 years 23 days.

THINK OF HOME.—The husband who, in his moments of relaxation from the cares of business, allows his thoughts to revert to his family circle, is in a measure safe from the trials and temptations of the world. We regret to believe that there are few husbands who give a practical turn to such thoughts, else there would be a GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine found in every well regulated family. None but those who have experienced the benefits conferred by the use of a GROVER & BAKER Machine, can realize its advantages.

Offices of exhibition and sale 495 Broadway, New York; 18 Summer Street, Boston; and 730 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

☞Brentlinger's Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla and Dandelion, the safest and only cure for Scrofula, Blotches on the skin, Enlargment of the Joints, and all cutaneous diseases. For sale by Dr. O. Cunningham, Beaver; E. Boeking, Wheeling, Va., Gen'l Agent.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

PITTSBURG, May 4th, 1858.

FLOUR—Sales on wharf of 30 bbls superfine at $3 50, and 100 bbls extra at $3 95. From store, 100 bbls extra family at $4 55; and 60, 100 30 50 and 40 bbls at $3 62 for superfine, $4 12 for extra and $4 50 for extra family.

FEED—Sales 40 tons Bran and Shorts on wharf at 45 and 65c per 100.

GRAIN—Sales 210 bushels Rye from wagon and on wharf at 50@51c; 350 bush Oats do at 27c; 210 bush from store, at 28@30c; 125 bush Corn on wharf at 50c; 150 bush from store at 48c.

POTATOES—Sales 130 bush Neshannocks from store at 60c; 400 bush mixed do at 40c; 100 bush Reds on wharf at 35c; 115 bush Pinkeyes from store at 30@40c; 40 bush Neshannocks at 55@60c; 300 bush at 30c for mixed and 45c for Neshannocks; 400 bush Neshannocks at 45@50c.

BACON—Sales of 3,000 lbs country at 7½c for Shoulders, and 9c for Sides and Hams; 9,000 lbs city at 7¼a7¾c for Shoulders, and 9¼a10c for Hams.

BUTTER AND EGGS—Sales 2 bbls choice roll butter at 16c, dull; Eggs continue very plenty and dull; sales 5 and 13 bbls at 7c.

Orphan's Court Sale.

BY order of said Court will be sold at public Vendue, on the premises on Friday, the 28th day of May 1858, at 2 o'clock P. M. the following real estate of Thomas Thornley dec'd, situate in the Borough of Fallston Beaver County to wit: The mansion house and lot containing about five acres, fronting on the Big Beaver Creek on the east, and the Beaver road on the West, upon the lot are a variety of Apple, Peach, Pear, Cherry, Apricot, Plum, Quince and other Foreign and domestic Fruit Trees, &c., also choice grape vines of various kinds, Raspberry bushes, gooseberry Bushes, Strawberry vines of finest quality. The house is a large brick dwelling 45 by 47 feet, in good repair commanding a view of the Beaver Creek and valley to the Ohio River, a view of the P. F. W. & C. R. R. the Canal, the Falls of Beaver Creek, and also a view of the town of New Brighton, situate about one and a half miles from the Ohio River, and about one half mile from the station of said rail road in New Brighton. There are large rooms on the first floor with hall, and four rooms on second floor with hall, the entire house finished, Basement story and cellar, two Porches on the river front, and two on the rear front, a beautiful evergreen hedge on either side of the house, two cisterns on the premises connecting with the kitchen by pipes one for the use of the stable, a well of water at the door, a brick stable and carriage house, a fruit house with Cellar, a dry house for fruit, a wood and coal house, and other out buildings upon the premises. The walks well edged and gravelled.

A variety of Evergreen and Ornamental Shrubbery of many kinds, a beautiful Grape arbor tastefully arranged, on the premises all enclosed. Much labor and expense bestowed upon the improvement of the property. Situate within half a mile of the navigable river of the Beaver, in almost central situation, protected from the North-West winds by a picturesque range of hills. It is justly believed to be as desirable a home as can be found in this section. Those desiring purchasing are invited to visit the place and judge for themselves.

Also, divided lots on said plan, each 50 feet front, viz: No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 19, 24, 25, reserved as a nursery.

Also, building No. 1, and the Beaver Lot.

Terms: one-third on confirmation of sale the balance in two equal annual instalments with interest from same time. For further information inquire of J. H. WILSON, Beaver, Pa., and the Administrators, JOHN THORNLEY and JAMES DUNCAN, Fallston, Pa.

The Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette and Beaver Radical please publish till day of sale.

Orphan's Court Sale.

PURSUANT to an alias order of the Orphan's Court of the county of Beaver, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out-cry at the Court House in the Borough of Beavor, on Saturday, the 29th day of May 1858, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following described property, late the estate of Thomas Thornley dec'd, viz: Lying and being situate in the Borough of Beaver, in said county of Beaver and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, being in lot numbered in the general plan of in-lots in the Borough of Beaver, and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a corner on Branch alley, and second street, thence by said street south 45½ deg. east to lot No. 24, thence by said lot north 44½ deg. east to Branch bank alley, thence by said alley north 45½ deg. west to the place of beginning. Also—One half in hand, and the remainder in two years with interest from confirmation. For information inquire of Mr. Thomas Dunn Guardian of the minor children interested. By order of Court.

A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

List of Causes

Trial at June Term 1858, commencing on the Monday (7th) June 1858.

Thomas et al vs Daines Patterson.
" vs David Alexander.
Gibson et al vs Henry Souffer,
" vs O. & P. R. R. Co.
Calhoun vs same
Moore vs James Sterling et al
Reynolds vs Daniel Woodrow.
Carver vs John Duff.
" vs Walter Johnston.
Campbell vs David Smith et al
Kelly vs Pitts. F. W. & C. R. R. Co.
Edgar & Co vs Howell James.
Kelly et al vs Hugh Donaldson.
" vs same

MATTHEW S. QUAY, Pro'th'y.

April 28, 1858.

Brigade Orders.

The uniformed Volunteers of the 2d Brigade 19th Division P. M., are hereby notified that Drill and Inspection in the following order—viz—

The Washington Battalion commanded by Maj. Darlington on Monday, 10th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Brighton Artillery commanded by Capt. in New Brighton, on Tuesday, 11th inst. at 1 o'clock, P. M.

The Rifle Battalion commanded by Maj. Brown, on Wednesday, May 12th, at 10 A. M.

By order of W. H. POWERS, Brig. Insp. 2d Brig. 19th Div. P. M.

Brigade Inspector's Office, April 28th, 1858.

ATTEST.....H. B. ANDERSON.

NEW GOODS.

The subscribers have just received their Spring and Summer supply of Goods, direct from the East consisting of Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Tweeds, Jeans, Prints, Lawns, Delanes, De-Laines, Fancy Silks, Bonnets, Hats, Caps, &c., with a good selection of articles which makes our assortment complete, and will be sold at a small profit, on cost.

Customers are respectfully requested to call at the corner of Main street and the Diamond.

M'CREERY & ANDERSON.

April 28th 1858.

PUBLIC HOUSE.

The subscriber, having purchased and fitted up that well known property at the North-East corner of the Public Square, in Beaver, formerly the residence of Judge Agnew, is now prepared to accommodate the public, where he will use every exertion to please and make comfortable all who may call on him.

May 6, '57. Wm. A. LAIRD.

BEAVER ACADEMY.

MALE AND FEMALE DEPARTMENTS.

THIS Institution offers unusual inducements to those wishing to acquire a thorough knowledge of the branches usually taught in such schools, including English Branches, Book-Keeping, Natural, Mental and Moral Science, Mathematics and Classics. An extensive collection of Philosophical Apparatus gives unrivaled advantage to the Department of Natural Science. Owing to the endowment fund, the terms are lower than in any similar institution. The school year is divided into two sessions of five months, and each session into two quarters. Second session begins February 1st, and ends the last of June. Second quarter begins April 19th. No student admitted for less than a quarter. For particulars address either of the Principals.

FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

REV. J. A. M'GILL, Principal.
MRS. J. B M'GILL, Associate Principal.
MISS M. J HAFT, } Assistant Teachers.
" E. C MOORE, }
" M. J. UEDLIE, }

Under the careful and active supervision of the Board of Trustees, the faithful and efficient discharge of duty by the Teachers, and the kind patronage of its numerous friends, this Department of the Institution has been more than usually prospered during the past and present Sessions.

Terms, per Session of 22 Weeks.

Boarding, Light and Room furnished, $50 00
Tuition same as in male department.

EXTRAS PER QUARTER OF 11 WEEKS.

Instruction Piano Music,	$8 00
Use of Instrument,	2 00
Instruction on Guitar,	8 00
Vocal Music,	1 00
Drawing and Water Colors,	5 00
Oil Painting,	8 00
French Language,	5 00

There will be accommodations furnished for sixty boarders in the Seminary.

MALE DEPARTMENT.

C. W. MATEER, Principal,
M. DUFF, Assistant.

The Board of Trustees have purchased large and commodious buildings for the use of this Department, affording a large number of excellent rooms for students. The buildings have been placed under the charge of the Teachers, who are prepared to accommodate boarders on the most reasonable terms, and will exercise a parental care over those placed in their charge. Boarding and room furnished, will not exceed $1,87 per week.

Terms of Tuition per Quarter of 11 weeks

English Branches,	$2 50
" " with Natural Philosophy or Physiology,	3 50
" " with Book keeping Chemistry, Higher Mathematics or Classics,	4,00

Experiments and Lectures on Chemistry—extra.

Beaver, April 28, 1858.

KERR'S HOTEL.

Corner of Third St., and Branch Bank Alley, Beaver, Pa.

THE subscriber, (late proprietor of the Gormly House,) has purchased and fitted up for a HOTEL, the large brick building recently owned and occupied as a dwelling by Mr John Shirelay, opposite the Store of D. Ramsey, Esq. The stand is conveniently located with regard to the several approaches of travel by railway, canal, &c being ne rly opposite and contiguous to the Beaver Station of the Cleve & Pittsburgh Railroad. The house is pleasantly situated, roomy and commodious, and well adapted for the entertainment of travellers and visitors. It is also provided with sufficient stabling, &c.

He respectfully requests his friends and former customers to call with him and continue their patronage, with the assurance that no pains or attention will be omitted to accommodate and render comfortable *all* who may make his house their home or stopping place. His table will always be supplied with the best the market affords; and his charges for boarding and lodging &c., in every case as moderate and reasonable as they can be procured elsewhere in the vicinity. S. KERR

April 21, 1858.

PICTURES! PICTURES!!

THE subscribers having opened a Gallery in the Court House, are prepared to take all kinds of Pictures, in the highest style of the art, in all kinds of weather, at HALF THE USUAL PRICE, and warranted to please.

☞ Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call immediately, as our stay will be but for a few days.

April 28. CATTELL & WILLIAMS.

LOST.

In Rochester or Bridgewater, on Thursday last, a large CAMEO BREAST PIN, with Gold Rim. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at the Toll House in Bridgewater, or at Stiles', on the Pavilion Hotel, Rochester

April 28, 1858.

FOR SALE

ONE YOKE OF OXEN, and a LAND WARRANT FOR 160 ACRES. Enquire at this office. (april 28)

GORMLY HOUSE.

By H. C. M'Cullough

THE undersigned informs his friends, and the Public, that he has taken the above House, in Beaver, west of the Court House, where he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage, and promises every exertion to render entire satisfaction. Charges moderate. GIVE US A CALL

H. C. McCULLOUGH.

Beaver, April 20, 1858.

J. B. Young,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BEAVER, PENN'A.

☞ Office in the first brick building West of the Western Star office, 2nd street. ap21,'58

NOTICE.

THE subscribers, having made some change in their business, are anxious to have their old accounts settled, and will proceed to collect the same, if not paid by the 1st day of May.

Apr. 21, '58. M. & S. H. DARRAGH.

Bridgewater Foundery.

J. S. LEHMER & CO., Manufacturers of the celebrated

Crystal Palace Cook Stove.

Also, other Cooking and Parlor and Heating Stoves, GRATES, FRONTS, FENDERS, and every description of Iron Castings.

Bridgewater, March 30, 1858

FRUIT! FRUIT!!

A choice lot of FRUIT, carefully put up and constantly on hand, and for sale at the following figures—

Peaches, 50c. ₰ can.
Plums, 40,
Cherries, 40,
Currants, (g) 38,
Elderberries, 38,
Gooseberries, 40,
Tomatoes, 25.

☞ A liberal discount made to wholesale purchasers. A. BESTWICK,

(feb24) New Brighton, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John Gibb, late of Hanover township, Beaver county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement, to the subscriber in said township. W. H. FRAZIER,

mar. 31, 1858. Administratror.

CIRCULAR.

On the first day of July, 1857, B. A. Fahnestock, and George W. Fahnestock, of Philadelphia, Pa., A. B. Hull, of New-York, and J. L. Schwartz, of Pittsburgh, re-associated themselves for a further term of business, under the style and firm, as heretofore, of

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.;
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.,
B. A. FAHNESTOCK, HULL & Co., New-York City.

In each of which three cities we continue our Wholesale Drug Business in all its branches.

Particular attention will be given to the importation of proprietary articles from abroad; and a full stock of well-established popular remedies will be kept constantly for sale. Orders for our B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S well-known **Vermifuge** (of which we are the SOLE PROPRIETORS and EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS) should be addressed to either of the above-named establishments.

We continue the manufacture of White Lead, Red Lead, and Litharge, at Pittsburgh.

Drugs, Paints, Oils, &c., &c.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,

(Late of the firm of B. A. Fahnestock & Co., and successors to Fleming Brothers)

NO. 60, CORNER OF WOOD AND FOURTH STS., PITTSBURGH, PA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, VARNISHES, Oils,

SPICES, GLASSWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Patent Medicines, and Everything Appertaining to the Drug Business.

Those in want of Pure and Genuine Articles, will do well to give us a call. We guarantee to sell as low as can be bought in this or other markets, and warrant everything to give satisfaction. We are the sole Proprietors and only manufacturers of

B. L. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

AND DR R. ADAMS WILSON'S

TONIC, CATHARTIC AND ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILLS.

This Vermifuge has so firmly established its reputation for being the most effectual CURE FOR WORMS, in either CHILDREN or ADULTS, yet discovered, as to render it useless for us to say anything in its behalf, more than to prevent imposition. We would state that ours is the ONLY genuine B. L. Fahnestock's Vermifuge manufactured.

DR. WILSON'S PILLS, so favorably known in many sections of the country, and so highly recommended by all classes that have given them a trial, including Ministers of the Gospel, Physicians, Senators, Governors, and others, as a safe and sure remedy for Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Fever and Ague, Female Obstructions, Costiveness, &c. We have reduced the price from 50 to 25 cents per box, thus, considering the size of the dose—(ONE PILL)—making them the Cheapest, Safest and Best FAMILY MEDICINE in the WORLD.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1858.

SAMUEL R. JOHNSTON, JR.....WILLIAM G. JOHNSTON.

WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,

STATIONERS,

Blank Book Manufacturers

AND

JOB PRINTERS,

No. 57, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

June Appointments.

DR. H. TUBBS,

Will be at his room, Bridgewater, Lehmer's Hotel, Monday, June 7th, 1858; Wellsville, U. S Hotel, Saturday June 5th

For consultation upon all chronic or long standing diseases of every description, whether internal or external. His prompt and unfailing attendance at appointments for nine years past, is sufficient guaranty of integrity and success. Giving his entire attention to chronic diseases, examining and treating many thousands annually, (among them the most complicated and obdurate to be found in a wide extent of country) his opportunities for making a thorough acquaintance with this class of maladies have been such as few outside the largest metropolitan hospitals ever possess. REMEDIES used are exclusively from the Botanic Kingdom, all NARCOTIC and other POISONS being REJECTED.

☞ Patients are never flattered, nor are they subjected to expense without a good prospect of being restored.

BACK AGAIN!

Mrs. R. Weaver,

HAVING re-opened her well-known SKY-LIGHT GALLERY, in Wilson's Block,

New Brighton, Pa.,

Is now ready to furnish elegant and life-like

AMBROTYPES,

as heretofore, and also a new and much admired picture called the

OIL PHOTOGRAPH,

for taking which she has purchased a right—This is a paper picture resembling a miniature Oil Painting, but is softer and more beautiful.

☞ Pictures taken from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Prices low. Call soon.

County and State Tax.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State tax for 1858, at the times and places designated below viz—

Rochester Bor.	May 11,	W. D. Johnston's,
Rochester Tp.	" 12,	Do
Fallston Bor.	" 13,	Toll House,
New Brighton,	" 14,	Huron House,
Patterson,	" 17,	George Reynolds'
Phillipsburg,	" 18,	F. Le Goullon's Store
Freedom bor.	" 19,	S. Furnier's,
Brighton Tp.	" 20,	D. Morgan's,
Pulaski,	" 21,	Robt. Wallace's,
Moon,	" 25,	Wm. Elliott, Esq's,
Industry,	" 26,	Rea's Hotel,
Glasgow & Ohio,	" 27,	Smith's Hotel,
Georgetown bor.	" 28,	Geo. Laughlin's,
Ohio Tp.	June 1,	M. Deringer's,
Do & S. Beaver,	" 2,	Briggs,' Rhodes,
South Beaver,	" 3,	J. Lawrence's,
Harmony,	" 4,	Economy Hotel,
Borough,	" 10,	Treasurer's office,
Economy Tp.	" 17,	Breitenstein's,
Do	" 18,	Mrs. Bryan's,
New Sewickly,	" 22,	George Rouzer's,
Marion,	" 23,	George Hartzell's,
Franklin,	" 24,	W. & H. C. Phillis'
North Sewickly,	" 25,	N. Hazen's,
Big Beaver,	" 29,	Mrs. Miller's,
Darlington Bor.	" 30,	Boyd's Hotel,
Do Tp.	July 1,	James P. Dilworth's,
Chippewa,	" 2,	R. Douthitt's,
Hopewell,	" 6,	M'Kenzie's, Scottsville
Do & Independ.	" 7,	M'Callister's Store.
Independence,	" 8,	J. Holmes, Esq's,
Raccoon,	" 9,	David Ewing's,
Hookst'n & Green	" 12,	Hall's Hotel,
Greene,	" 13,	Do
Hanover Tp.	" 14,	Mrs. McKinley's,
Do & Frankf't,	" 15,	Stevens' Hotel,
Do	" 16,	Hanover Village,

☞ Payment can be made in any adjoining township. WM. HENRY, *Treasurer.*

Beaver, April 7, 1858.

SORGHUM, or Chinese Sugar Cane, pure, at 25 cents per pound. JAS. WARDROP.

BOERHAVE'S

HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR

DYSPEPSIA,

DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND

FEVER AND AGUE,

And the various affections consequen upon disordered

STOMACH AND LIVER.

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Because of its great success in most of the European States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our fatherland scattered here and there over the face of this mighty country. Meeting with great success among them, I now offer to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been injured by the continuous use of ardent spirits or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve raised up the drooping spirit, and in fact infusing new health and vigor in the system.

NOTICE!—Whoever expects to find in his beverage will be disappointed, but to the sick weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Be not persuaded to buy anything else until you have given Boerhave's Holland Bitters a fair trial. One bottle will convince you how infinitely superior it is to all these imitations

☞ Sold at $1 00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5 00, sold by the proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr. & Co. Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, Pittsburgh, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel Cunningham, dec'd, late of Chippewa township, Beaver county, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement, to the subscribers in said township.

JAS CUNNINGHAM,
DAVID FERGUSON,

Apr. 21, 1858. Exec'rs.

Notice.

THE annual meeting of Stockholders, for the election of Directors of the Darlington Cannel Coal Railroad Co., will be held at the office of the Company in Darlington, on Wednesday, May 19th, 1858. M. HARTSHORN,

Darlington, Apr 21, '58. President.

Treasurer's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an act of Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the 13th day of March, 1815, entitled "An act to amend an act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes," &c., and the several subsequent acts supplemental thereto; and the several acts in conformity therewith, requiring and directing the sale of unseated lands for County, State, School and Road taxes; and the 41st section of the act of April 29th, 1844, authorising and directing the return and sale of all real estate as unseated lands are now sold, in satisfaction of the taxes due and unpaid by the owner or owners thereof;—also, the acts authorising the sale of unseated lots in the boroughs of Beaver, Bridgewater, Rochester, and Fallston, for Borough taxes,—the following lots and tracts of unseated Lands, &c. in the county of Beaver, or so much thereof as will pay the arrearage of taxes accrued thereon for the years 1855 and 1856, (and so much taxes of previous years as remain unpaid,) will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Beaver, on

Monday, the 14th day of June next,

continuing the same by adjournment, if necessary

WM. HENRY,
Apr. 7, 1858. Treasurer of Beaver Co.

☞ Persons desirous of paying the taxes due upon any lot or tract in the following list, are notified to do so before day of sale; and no property will be withheld from sale on a *promise* of payment.

NOTE.—All property marked with a star (*) or section (‡) is returned under the 41st section of the act of 29th April 1844.

SALE LIST,

For the Taxes of 1855 and 1856.

Borough Township.

Reputed owners,	*Acres.*	*No*	*Tax*
Buchanan Maria, lot in Beaver,	68		2 04
Carter Tho heirs, E. ½ in lot "	28		64
Craig N. B. lot "	24		1 76
Johnston T. M. middle part in-lots 39 and 40,			12
Noss J J, lot Noss' plan,		1	16
do " "		2	16
do " "		3	16
Purdy's heirs and Shannon, part out-lot,	1½	35	98
Purdy's heirs and Shannon, house and ½ in-lot,		151	68
Davidson Charles' heirs, in-lot,		58	3 83
Davis John, part in lot,		40	21
Patterson Samuel, part in-lot		39	28
Rawdon F. 1 lot Davidsons plan,		1	1 96
Do 1 " "		2	1 30
do 1 " "		11	1 30
do 1 " "		12	1 96
do 1 " Porter's plan,		1	41
do 1 " "		2	41
do 1 " "		3	41
do 1 " "		4	40
do 1 " "		18	37
do 1 " "		19	37
do 1 " "		20	25
do pt. out-lot (Vera's plan)		36	52
do 1 lot, Hamilton's "		13	68
White Andrew, lot, Davidson's "		80	27
do " " "		82	27
do " " "		50	36
Wilson Henry, east end in-lot,		62	67
Strothers Jane, part out-lot,		15	3 44
Mendenhall H, lot Mendenhall's "		6	3 61
do " " "		23	2 50
do " " "		27	1 95
do " " "		28	1 90
do " " "		29	1 90
do " " "		5	3 05
Crickmore F D " Hemphill's "		44	27
do out-lot,		35	90
do "		34	90
do "		20	90
Miller Jno h'se & pt in-lot (Beaver)		14	1 35
Thompson W A, part in-lot,		38	42
do "		39	41
Beer Robt, lot, Mendenhall's plan,		7	1 12
do " " "		8	84
Maratta C., 1 lot, Hemphill's "		31	25
Scissor & Chamberlin, lot, Hemphill's plan,		8	95
Scissor & Chamberlin, lot, Hemphill's plan,		10	95
McDonald's heirs, in-lot, Beaver,		152	15
same " "		163	20
same " "		164	20
same " "		165	15
Wray Joseph, lot in Sharon,			25
same " "			25
Small Jno. 1 lot, Noss' plan, (on out-lot No. 60,		1	13
Small John, 1 lot, Noss' plan, (on out-lot No. 60,		2	12
Keelin John, 1 lot, Noss's plan		4	13
Keelin Jno, 1 lot Noss' plan		5	13
Hewitt A, lot, Mendenhall's plan,		21	65
Owner unknown, lot, Hamilton's "		7	10
*Crowl C or Mrs Powell, house and part Academy lot,		29	2 40
Kronk Jacob, lot Hemphill's plan,		8	14
Boies Chas, pt in-lot (60 by 80 ft)		39	45
Leet Wm, lot, Hemphill's plan,		16	68
Mulvanon Jno, 1 lot "			30
*Baunon Jeremiah's heirs, house and lot in Sharon,			3 05
*Davis Jonathan hse & pt out-lot,		42	4 15
*Garen Milton, h & lot Garen's plan		4	5 60
*Graham Jno, h & lot Hemphill's "		35	10 80
*Mitchell Hugh, h & lot " "		21	6 00
*Miller Robt, house & lot in Beaver		27	4 70
*McCollough, John's heirs, house and lot, Beaver,		167	4 70
*Scott A, house & lot in Sharon,			2 40
* Same " "			1 20
*Crickmore F.D, house and lot, Hemphill's plan,		16	2 47
*Patterson Sam'l, hse & pt in-lot,		14	6 89
*Whitmer Jas, h. & lot in Sharon,			1 35
* same 1 lot in Sharon,			45
*White And'w h & l Davidson's pl.		49	2 93
*Laney Joseph's heirs, h and lot,			2 70
Clarke H., lot, Mendenhall's pl.		30	40
Mitchell Ad'w, lot, Hemphill's pl.		40	40
same " " "		41	40
Hawkenberry Jane, lot Porter's "		6	50
Hays Jos, lot, Hays' pl. (pt out lot 18)		4	60
Scisser Henry's heirs, lot Hamilton's plan,			
*Gilmore Robt, house & lot, English's pl.,		1	2 00
*Shields D, h & lot Hemphill's pl,		9	1 60
*Frazier J A, house and lot,		17	1 65

Brighton Tp.—Including part Industry.

Cleve. & Pitts. R. Co, Walton land,	4½		5 84
same Potter "	3		3 91
Stevenson Richard, east end,	100	19	5 10
Usselton Clark, lot in Industry,		17	23
M'Millin Wm, land adj Kennedy,	100		2 50
*Jackson Jno, h. & land adj Kaler,	2½		2 54
*Woods Ad'w, h. & lot, Industry,		39	50
*Anderson Margaret, land,	2½		1 17
*Farrow Thos, h. & lot Industry,			1 80
*M'Farland Jno jr, h & 2 lots "		76	1 50

Chippewa Township.

Dickey John, land,	50		5 08
Newbold & Vandenburg, or Pinney & Fetterman, land adjoining Robertson et al,	32		11 21
Smith Geo, land adj A Miller et al.	48		3 84

Darlington Tp.

Thomas S.'s heirs lot in Darlington	69	35	
same " "	85	33	
Bart John, land,	1	36	
Courtney Widow, h & lot Darlington,	100	1 36	
Dunlap Wm's heirs, land adj "	25	3 26	
Foster Widow, lot in "	12	13	
Sharp Daniel, " "	99	64	
Thompson & Taggart, h & lts 41 & 42		2 40	
Booth Jeremiah, land,	106	10 20	
Booth Jacob, "	50	3 00	
Booth Isaac, "	106	3 00	
Boyd J T, "	2	16	
Chamberlin Selah "	689	30 80	
Dunlap Sam'l R, "	27½	1 60	
*Alcorn Wm, land adj J Andrews	35	2 94	
*Russell Wm decd " Harbison,	4	1 90	
*Smiley Ebenezer, land adjoining J Booth	155	18 90	
*Thomas' heirs h & lot Darlington	125	1 05	
*Reis Henry, land,	33	5 85	
Streby's heirs, lot in Darlington,	88	41	

Reputed owners,	*Acres.*	*No.*	*Tax*
Economy Tp.			
Bradford B R, land adj J Emerick	100		17 25
same "	100		12 85
Reese Dr, lot in Baden,	10		52
same, " "	12		52
Johns Nordecia, lot in Baden,	25		28
O. & P. Railroad Co., land,	2		1 18
same, 2 lots in Baden,			36
Rogers George, 1 lot "	41		34
same " "	42		34
same " "	43		34
Sala John, " "	18		28
Speyerer F C, " "	5		18
same " "	15		18
same " "	23		18
Williams Wm, land,	54		3 89
Galliher John, "	54		1 13
*Holsinger Wm jr, 1 lot in Baden,			27
*Moore Alex. or Wm's heirs, land,	325		7 12
* same h. & 3 lots Jamestown,			30
Fallston Boro.			
Mason Elizabeth, land,	2½		1 40
same lot		20	17
same or Nancy Welsh		22	41
Nancy Welsh, lot,		36	23
same "		37	23
same "		44	23
same "		45	22
same "		46	22
same "		51	22
Hays Adam, 1 lot,			53
Rhodes Milton, 1 lot,		4	21
same 1 "		8	21
same 1 "		10	20
*Moore John's heirs, house & lot,			2 80
*Purdy And'ws " " "			12 79
* same " " "			2 73
* same " " "			1 50
*Reed Thos, " "			3 51
*Whitmore Jarvis, " "			70
Franklin Tp.			
Morton, A. or M'Elhany's heirs, l'd,	85		5 01
Greene Tp.			
Jenkins Joseph ½ foundry lot, Georgetown,			28
Jenkins Jos, lot in Georgetown,			54
Harshe David, land	6		90
Allison Thos, lot in Georgetown,			36
Dallas Israel, land adj S Smith,	5		1 35
Morris T's heirs, land adj T Morris	50		2 70
Jones Robt mill seat, Hookstown,			2 30
*Rambo Madison, land,	1		09
*Rogers Wm, "	4		36
*Potts Wm, 1 lot,			1 26
Hanover Tp.			
Jenkins John M, land & house,	95		6 00
Hopewell Tp.			
Grimes John, land,	18		45
*Guyan Edie, land adj Reed & Veasy,	14		70
Independence Tp.			
Hindman Jno jr, lot adj G Cunning			70
Marion Tp.			
Allinan Samp'n, lot, Mechanicsb'g			07
Nye Andrew, land,	100		5 44
Moon Tp.			
Thompson John, land,	30		1 80
same "	13		90
*Baker Henry A., house and lot adjoining Stone & Potter,			70
*M'Laughlin Wm, house and land adjoining Bruce & Fegely,	37		70
New Brighton Bor.			
Miller David, 1 lot,	18		95
Stultz Jacob, 2 lots,			3 20
Coffin Albert, 1 lot,	667		1 35
same 1 "	181		30
Siberts Nich'ls, 2 lots below canal,			2 55
Owner unknown, 1 lot,	421		35
do 1 "	50		45
do 1 "	329		90
Thompson Bennett 1 "	316		1 20
Glenn John E. 1 "	145		80
same 1 "	148		86
same 1 "	147		80
Davis James ½ "	77		55
Boyd T P, 1 "	238		1 35
Foster Wm, 1 "	468		45
Honeywell Robt 1 lot M'Comb's pl.			2 00
Patterson James, land,	5		1 80
Reede Philip, 1 lot,	412		70
Talbot W.'s heirs, 1 lot,	666		45
White A's heirs, land and house,	4½		4 95
Thompson & Taggart, ½ lot,		55	75
same ½ "		56	75
same ½ "		57	75
Willock John, 1 lot, M'Combs pl.		8	90
Zeigler A H, 1 "		192	23
*Dixon W & J B, house and lots 132, 133, 134,			1 05
*Long Alex, house and lot,		186	1 30
*McCreary Wm, house & pt lot,		30	1 75
*Murray Wm, land,	2		2 10
*Marshall Hugh, 2 houses & ½ lot,		102	2 05
*Thomas Harvey, house and lot,		630	3 85
* same, " "		575	45
*Patterson Jas, or W H Nichols, shop and lot		13	2 80
*Gould J B, house and lot,		12	2 40
*Foster Jno C, house & lots 178, 179			2 88
Berlin Jona, 1 lot McComb's plan		7	50
same 1 " "		8	50
Pennock Elizabeth, ½ lot, Mendenhall's plan,			10
Small & Moore, 1 lot,		225	25
Woolslayer Wm, 1 lot M'Comb's pl		1	1 10
Wilson James, 1 lot,		327	90
same 1 "		329	90
New Sewickly Tp.			
Brandenberger Philip, land,	50		1 52
Rhodes Henry, "	10		88
Townsend David's heirs "	10		75
Townsend Talbot, " "	6		38
Shnovel John, 1½ lots,			36
Speyerer F C, house and lot

CHINESE SUGAR CANE.

Everybody has been asking, will it succeed, will it pay? Scarcely a county in the State was unrepresented in the experimental stowing for home-made sweeting.—Some had a good crop, many an average, and many a "slim one. It can be grown the general verdict is, nearly as well as Indian corn, when its culture is a little better understood.

When grown, it was important to ascertain whether it were worth trying again.—Many had been sanguine, and being ignorant as sanguine, were disappointed when, with imperfect rollers obtaining only a portion of the juice, they made but little syrup;—or, neglecting to neutralize vegetable acids, an unpleasant taste was observed, or failing rightly to boil and clarify, the syrup was spoiled by souring, or obtaining good syrup, equal to the best "Golden," a total failure rewarded their efforts to make sugar. And so the cane is pronounced a failure for practical purposes.

The result, really, is uniformly encouraging and successful. Sugar and good syrup have been made in Delaware, Ohio, in numerous cases in Illinois, and possibly all over the Union. Joseph S. Lovering, an experienced sugar refiner of Philadelphia, made every variety, from the coarsest to the finest loaf. He says "it is about as easy to make good sugar from the Chinese Cane as to make a good pot of mush, and much easier than to make a good kettle of apple butter. He estimates the yield of an acre at 1,221 pounds of sugar and seventy five gallons of molasses.

A gentleman in Clermont county, Ohio cultivated thirty acres, and made from four to six forty gallon barrels of refined syrup to the acre, say two hundred gallons, for which he realized $125 at wholesale.

As a forage plant it is doubtless well worthy of cultivation; and it is not improbable that it may largely swell our national resources in the production of sugar.—*Ohio Cultivator.*

Grubs and Wire Worms in Corn Fields

Sward lands, plowed in the Spring for Corn, is often found filled with worms which are sure to make great havoc with the seed unless they are exterminated.—The following is an excellent remedy: After turning under the sod, sow broadcast a bushel and a half of fine salt to the acre, and harrow it in, following with the roller. Soak the seed in tepid water about eighteen hours. Dissolve two ounces of sal ammoniac and add it to the water. This amount will answer for a bushel of seed. Plant the corn soon after sowing the salt. The seed will germinate quickly and the plants will come forward at once. Between the salt and the ammonia, the corn will suffer little from the worms. Who will try this, and send us a report of his success, in the Autumn?—*American Agriculturist.*

GRAPES AT THE NORTH.—R. W. T, Franklin Co., Me., asks if the Isabella grape will succeed as far North as 44½° by covering during the Winter: also the price of the Concord grape, &c. The Season is not long enough to ripen the Isabella thoroughly in so high a latitude. The writer of this has nearly ripened them in a neighboring county (Kennebec), in favorable seasons, but they lacked the flavor of those grown further South. The Concord, which sells at $1 per vine is a good substitute and will probably do better in Maine. Delaware and Rebecca are also good varieties for the North, ripening earlier than the Isabella, and quite as hardy.

FOUNDER IN HORSES.—Take a tablespoonful of pulverized alum, pull the horse's tongue out of his mouth as far as possible, and throw the alum down his throat. Let go of his tongue, and hold up his head till he swallows. In six hours time—no matter how bad the founder—he will be fit for moderate service. I have seen this remedy tested so often with perfect success, that I would not make five dollars difference in a horse foundered—if done recently—and cure that is not.

CURE FOR THE HEAVES.—A gentleman writing to the American Agriculturist, states that he thoroughly cured a fine young mare afflicted with the heaves by feeding her on corn stalks, and since, the disease has never returned. The writer quotes Judge Buel's opinion as to corn stalks being a remedy, that distinguished agriculturist having a horse afflicted with that disorder which disappeared after being so fed.

We have heard of an old minister in Kentucky, who purchased a whistle, and when his hearers went to sleep as usual, he emitted from it a very shrill sound. All were awake, and stood up to hear him say: 'You are a set of mean specimens of humanity, ain't ye?' as he slowly gazed at his wondering people; 'when I preach the gospel, you go to sleep; when I play the gospel, you get a pair of [illegible]

CURE FOR A COUGH.—Take of powdered gum arabic, half an ounce, liquorice juice, half an ounce. Dissolve the gum first in warm water, squeeze in the juice of a lemon, then add of paregoric, two drachms; syrup of squills, one drachm. Cork all in a bottle and shake well. Take one tablespoonful when the cough is troublesome.

FARMING IN IRELAND.—A Belfast paper, which devotes much attention to agricultural matters, learns with satisfaction that the extent of soil turned by the plow in the north of Ireland this season exceeds by a large figure that of any year since the famine. Southward the reports are equally gratifying, but there is a drawback upon the prospect—a serious fall in the prices of almost everything which the farmer supplies.

A CALICO BALL was recently given in New Orleans. Three ladies dressed in plain barege, were refused admittance.—Calico was the only card of *entree*.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John Gibb, late of Hanover township, Beaver county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement, to the subscriber in said township.

mar. 31, 1858. W. H. FRAZIER, Administrator.

CORN! CORN!!

CASH paid for CORN, at the ROCHESTER STARCH FACTORY.

March 30, 1858.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

UNITED STATES OFFICERS.

President—James Buchanan,
Vice Pres't—John C. Breckinridge
Secretary of State—Lewis Cass,
Secretary of Treasury—Howell Cobb,
Secretary of Interior—Jacob Thompson,
Secretary of Navy—Isaac Toucey,
Secretary of War—John B. Floyd,
Postmaster General—Aaron V. Brown,
Attorney General—Jeremiah S. Black,
Comm'r Pensions—George C. Whiting,
Comm'r Patents—T. Holt.
U. S. Senators—Simon Cameron, Wm. Bigler.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—Wm. F. Packer,
Secretary of Com.—William M Hiester,
Dep. Sec. Com.—H L Dieffenbach,
Attorney General—John C. Knox,
Sup't Common Schools—H. C. Hickok,
Auditor General—Jacob Fry,
Surveyor General—John Rowe,
State Treasurer—Henry S. Magraw,
Canal Commissioners—Arnold Plumer, George Scott, Nimrod Strickland,
Supreme Judges—W. H Lowrie, G W Woodward, W A Porter, James Thompson, William Strong.

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

President Judge—Daniel Agnew,
Member of Congress—William Stewart,
Senator—John R. Harris,
Representatives—Pe Lorma Imbrie, Geo. P. Shaw.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Associate Judges—John Scott; William Cairns.
Prothonotary—Matthew S Quay,
Sheriff—William W Irwin,
Deputy Sheriff—Sam'l A Power,
District Attorney—Moses B Welsh,
Reg'r & Recorder—Samuel B Wilson,
Clerk of Courts—Alfred G. McCreary,
Treasurer—William Henry,
Commissioners—Phillip Cooper, Hugh Sutherland, Abner Morton,
Clerk to Comm'rs—Alfred R Moore,
Auditors—Jas W Pander, John R Eakin, William C Hunter.
Surveyor—Azariah Wynn,
Coroner—Nathan P Couch,
Court Crier—William Shrodes,
Janitor of Court House—John Gibson
Poor House Directors—Robert Potter, W. Barnes, James Sterling.
Trustees of Academy—J A McGill, J H Dickson, Jos. H. Wilson, John Murray, S Cunningham, M T Kennedy, S Moorhead, Abner L Lacock.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Justices Peace—J. Monroe, A. Gormly
Burgess—Joseph Strock.
High Constable—James H Dungan.
Council—James Allison, R. P. Roberts, Daniel Reisinger, Hugh Anderson, Joseph C. Wilson.
Street Commissioners—Samuel Purvis, Joseph Strock.
Watchmen—Jos C Wilson, D Reisinger,
School Directors—Ind. Dis.—J Monroe, J C Wilson, W H McKenzie, Alfred G. McCreary, Washington Johnston, M. Weyand.

DISTRICT COURTS.

Beaver—2d Monday of March; 1st Monday June; 2d Monday September; 3d Monday November.

Lawrence—2d Monday February; 4th Monday May; 1st Monday September; 1st Monday December.

Butler—2d Monday January; 4th Monday March; 4th Monday September; 2d Monday December.

BEAVER P. O.—CLOSING OF MAILS.

Eastern Mail at 6 o'clock, P. M.
Western Mail 5 o'clock, A M.
Southern mail *via* Industry, Smith's Ferry, Georgetown, Hookstown, &c., 9 o'clock, A M.
New Lisbon *via* Black Hawk, &c., on Friday at 8 A M.
Zelienople, on Saturday, at 8 A M.

ELVIRA D. CARTER, P. M.

CLOTHING

—AND—

Furnishing Goods,

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

CARNAGHAN,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

WOULD now say to his patrons and all who desire a fashionable garment at a fair price, that he has recently added much to the size of his establishment, and more to the character of his stock, and is now opened for the FALL and WINTER trade, with a stock of surpassing excellence. It comprises in part—

Gent's Fine Frock and Dress Coats [illegible] new styles. For trimmed Raglan velvet and Plush, Beaver, Pilot, Lambskin and Satinett Coats, Sable Raglans, very rich and elegant. GENT'S FINE PANTS, the newest styles, from $1,25 to $12. GENT'S VESTS, of Plush, Silk, Cashmere, Velvet, Cloth, Satin, &c. Boy's Fine Cloth Jackets, plain and fancy. Boys' and Youths' Raglans and Sacks. Boys' and Youths' Sacks and Raglans, Fur Trimmed.

Boys' and Youths' Pants and Vests, Neat styles, finely trimmed. White and colored Linen and Marseilles Shirts. Under Clothing, of Wool, Silk and Cotton. Winter Gloves and Gauntlets, Scarfs, Mufflers, Shoulder Braces, Ties, Cravats, Suspenders. Shawls, Canes, Silk, and Gingham Umbrellas. Carpet Sacks, &c.

A large variety of PIECE GOODS, exclusively for Custom work, is kept in connection with the above, and it is believed that in style, quality and price, the whole stock is such a one, as is rarely found in one establishment.

Every Garment is warranted well made, and sold at low rates,

FOR CASH ONLY.

PUBLIC HOUSE.

THE subscriber, having purchased and fitted up that well known property at the North-west corner of the Public Square, in Beaver, adjoining the residence of Judge Agnew, is now prepared to accommodate the public, where he will use every exertion to please and make comfortable, all who may call on him.

Beaver, May 6, '57. WM. A. LAIRD.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

THE Subscriber has at the wharf at Rochester, a large quantity of PINE SHINGLES and BOARDS, which he will dispose of Cheap for Cash.

April 7, '58. EMERY M. CHENEY.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.—50 Bushels Chester county GOUARD SEED CORN, saved expressly for seed, of the first quality, at

ap21 JAS. WARDROP'S.

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE,

CORNER 3d & MARKET STS

PITTSBURGH PA.

Established in 1840; incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, President of the United States,
Hon. WILLIAM WILKINS,
Hon. MOSES HAMPTON,
Hon. WALTER H. LOWRIE,
Hon. CHARLES NAYLOR,
Gen. J. K. MOORHEAD,

P. DUFF, (author of Duff's system of Mercantile and Steamboat Book-keeping) President with a Superintendent and five assistant teachers of Book-keeping, and seven other teachers and lecturers.

J. S. DUNCAN, one of the best penmen in the country, (author of the gems of Business and Ornamental Penmanship,) Professor of Penmanship.

Duff's system of Book-keeping is sanctioned by the American Institute and Chamber of Commerce of New York, and many of the leading business men of the East and West, as the most comprehensive and practical system of accounts now in use, and after from ten to fifteen years practical application of its principles to business, over four hundred students have attested its superiority, (circular 19.) All the arrangements for teaching being perfected by nearly 20 years' experience of the principal, students graduate in about half the time required in other colleges, saving $15 or $20 in board.

Upwards of 4000 students have entered the institution since founded. To obtain full particulars of the collegiate training for business and the character of the institution, send for its pamphlet circular of 50 panes, with samples of Mr. Duncan's writing which are mailed free.

Duff's Bookkeeping, Harper's new enlarged edition. Price $1.50, postage 20 cents.

Duff's Steamboat Bookkeeping. Price $1, postage 9 cents.

Duncan's Business and Ornamental Penmanship; crown quarto, $5, mailed post paid. This splendid work and Duff's Book-keeping, have recently been awarded FIFTEEN 1st PREMIUM SILVER MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS, attesting the fact that their being the best treatises upon these subjects now in use.

An elegantly bound copy of Duncan's Penmanship is presented to every student who hereafter graduates in the institution.

Duncan's Copy Books, complete in six numbers, 24 quarto pages each, on fine Demy paper, with the author's directions for teaching, the most thorough system for school instruction published. 12½ cents per number, with a liberal discount to the trade; postage 17 cents, on application to the publishers, W. G. JOHNSTON & Co., Pittsburgh.

Call and see Mr. Duncan perform with the pen. jan13'58

BEAVER MACHINE WORKS

Childs, M'Connell and Darraghs,

FOUNDERS

AND

STEAM ENGINE BUILDERS

Fallston, Beaver County, Pa.

WE respectfully call attention to the inducements offered for purchasing Engines and Machinery mentioned below. We have purchased the right to make and sell the

PATENT OSCILLATING ENGINE

of Messrs. Cridge & Wadsworth, and are now engaged in the manufacture of them at the lowest possible rates, which is about twenty-five per cent lower than the Slide Valve Engine—Their simplicity and durability, combined with their cheapness, and almost utter impossibility to get out of order, renders them the most desirable Engine to have.

The following is a list of the different kinds of Machinery which we have made. Persons wishing to procure anything of the kind, will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Double Slide Valve Reciprocating Engines, the same as manufactured at Salem, Ohio; Oscillating Engines, Cridge & Wadsworth's Patent; Tub and Bucket Machinery; Flour Barrel and Nail Keg Machinery; Planing Machines; Cylinder or Barrel Saws; Fire Brick and Clay Rollers; Starch Rollers, Pipes and Castings for extracting Oil from Tannel Coal; Flouring Mill Gearing; Pullies and Shafting; Mulay, Sash, and Circular Saw Mills; Lath Machinery, &c., besides numerous other Machines which it is not necessary to enumerate.

We might add a long list of certificates, but deem any but the following unnecessary:

ECONOMY, December 24th, 1856.

Messrs. Cridge, Wadsworth & Co., Gentlemen:—We hereby certify that we have had one of your Oscillating Engines in use for nearly four months, and that it gives satisfaction in every respect. Its principal advantages over the common Engine are—

1st. Its simplicity, and the consequent facility to keep it in good order.

2d. It takes up much less room.

3d. It requires less pressure of steam to do the same amount of work; and is, therefore, worked with less danger and less fuel.

Respectfully yours,

R. L. BAKER
JACOB HENRICI,
Trustees

Our facilities for shipping to any point whatever, by Rail Road, Canal, or on the Ohio River, is as good as at any other point. Our Works are situated in Fallston, Pa. on the west Bank of the Beaver River, opposite N. Brighton, and only one hour's ride by rail from Pittsburgh. July 1, 1857.

EXTENSION OF STAY

Drs. C. M. Fitch & J. W. Sykes,

Will continue their office at

No. 191 Penn Street

OPPOSITE ST. CLAIR HOTEL, PITTSBURGH PA TILL JUNE FIRST, 1858.

Where they may be consulted daily, (Sunday excepted,) for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, and ALL OTHER CHRONIC AFFECTIONS connected with, or [illegible] to PULMONARY DISEASE, in[illegible] Affections of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Gastrites, Female complaints, &c.

DRS. FITCH & SYKES would state that their treatment of Consumption is based upon the fact that the disease exists in the blood and system at large, both before and during its development in the lungs, and they therefore employ Mechanical, Hygienic and Medical remedies to purify the blood and strengthen the system. With these, they use MEDICINAL INHALATION, which they value highly, but only as Palliatives, which used alone have no Curative effects, and Invalids are earnestly cautioned against wasting the precious time of curability on any treatment based upon the plausible, but false idea, that the seat of the disease can be reached in a direct manner by Inhalation.

No charge for consultation.

A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter. Address

DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SYKES,
Mar. 31, 1858. 191 Penn st. Pitts. Pa

Brigade Orders.

THE Uniformed Volunteers of the 2d Brigade 19th Division P. M., are hereby notified to meet for Drill and Inspection in the following order, viz—

The Darlington Pattalion commanded by Maj. McKim, in Darlington, on Monday, 10th of May, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The New Brighton Artillery commanded by Capt. Beisel, in New Brighton, on Tuesday, May 11th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

The Bloomfield Battalion commanded by Maj. Butler, in Hookstown, on Wednesday, May 12th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

W. H. POWERS,
Brig. Insp. 2d Brig. 19th Div. P M.
Brigade Inspector's Office,
March 30th, 1858.

JOSEPH H. WILSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW—Office in the Lawrence house, on the North side of the Diamond Beaver, Pa. Jan'y 1857.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

Dr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple.

He has tried it in over 1100 cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its virtue, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of Biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst cases of Erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the Eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of Scrofula.

A benifit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Reader, I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another; after trial it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this herb that appear to me surprising; first that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846—second, that it should cure all kinds of humor.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1853, I peddled it and sold about six bottles per day—In April 1854, I sold over one thousand bottles per day of it.

Some of the wholesale Druggists who have been in business twenty and thirty years, say that nothing in the annals of patent medicines was ever like it. There is a universal praise of it from all quarters.

In my own practice I always kept it strictly for humors—put since its introduction as a general family medicine, great and wonderful virtues have been found in it that I never suspected.

Several cases of epileptic fits—a desease which was always considered incurable, have been cured by a few bottles. O, what a mercy if it will prove effectual in all cases of that awful malady—there are but few who have seen more of it than I have.

I know of several cases of Dropsy, all of them aged people cured by it. For the various diseases of the Live, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Fever ague, Pain in the Side, Diseases of the Spine, and particularly in diseases of the Kidneys &c., the discovery has done more good than any medicine ever known.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you get and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS—Adults one table spoonful per day—Children over ten years dessert spoonful. Children from five to eight years, tea spoonful. As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day.

Manufactured by

DONALD KENNEDY,
No 120, Warren St. Roxbury, Mass.

PRICE $1.

T. W. Dyott & Sons, Philadelphia, General Agents for Pa. for sale by WF Phillips, Freedom; C L Kaiser, Rochester; and Dr. S Smith, Bridgewater, General wholesale agents Western Pa., &c. H Keyse, 116 Wood St. Pittsburgh, J. P. Flemming Federal St. Allegheny City, Mackay & Young, Beaver.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver County, No. 174, June Term, '56.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of Emanuel B. Thompson, to John Cuthbertson Esq., for the benefit of creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the account of the above name Assignee has been exhibited and filed in my Office, and will be allowed by the Court, on the first day of next Term, (4th June next,) unless cause then be shown against its confirmation. MATTHEW S. QUAY,
April, 28, 1858. Pro'ty.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of James Whitehill, decd late of Hanover township, Beaver county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate, will present them to the subscriber, in Greene township, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN EWING,
Mar. 3, '58. Administrator

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between M. & J. Weyand, in the publication of the Beaver County Argus, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 20th of December. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm are earnestly requested to call at the Argus Office and settle their accounts.

M. WEYAND,
Beaver, Dec. 23, 1857. J. WEYAND.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of James Cunningham dec'd late of North Sewickly Township, Beaver County, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to to the subscribers in said township at the house of the dec'd, on the 10th day of February, 1858, properly authenticated for settlement

R. S. CUNNINGHAM,
JOHN WARD,
Jan 6, 1858. Executors

Valuable Lot For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale out-lot No. 72, in Brighton township, adjoining Wm. G. Wolf, containg EIGHT ACRES, more or less. A number of fruit trees, and a spring of water on the presses, and in a state of good cultivation. For further particulars inquire of

DANIEL RISINGER, Beaver.
April 1, 1858.

Strayed or Stolen.

FROM the premises of the subscriber, in New Brighton, on the 29th inst., a large iron grey colt, 3 years old, over 16 hands high, somewat thin, rough hair, a small lump on the outside of right hind leg below the knee, right fore knee a little thicker than the other. Any information concerning him will be liberally rewarded.

JAMES DE FOMBELL.
New Brighton, April 7, 1858.

NOTICE TO FARMERS—10 of the improved Railroad Powers are ready for delivery at our shop, combining the best improvements; warranted with 3 men and 2 horses to thresh 175 bushels per day; or double that quantity of oats, in the most complete order. Price $160.

Dec 9 1857. JAMES WARDROP.

Garden Seeds for 1858.

OUR stock of Fresh Warranted Seeds for the Hot-beds, embracing some new EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES, viz: Cabbage, Cucumber, Tomato, Egg Plant, Lettuce, Radish, and all sorts for the Garden, GRASS SEEDS for the Farmer and Dairyman, viz: Kentucky, Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Imported Rye Grass, Lucerne, White Clover, &c. Garden Tools, Forming Machinery, and implements of the most approved and best pattern. Wholesale and Retail, at the Seed and Agricultural Warehouse, 47 Fifth st., Pittsburgh. (feb10) JAS. WARDROP.

EARLY CORN.—KING PHILIP, EARLY YORK, and a few bushels of the DEVON.

ap21 JAS. WARDROP.

B. WOLFF, JR.,

(SUCCESSOR TO WOLFF & LANE.)

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,

Corner of Liberty & St. Clair sts,

PITTSBURG, PA.

IS just receiving an extensive and well selected stock of HARDWARE. Having purchased my goods direct from the Manufacturers, on the best CASH terms I am prepared to offer inducements to purchasers in a well selected stock at such LOW PRICES as will defy competition. My stock comprises the best brands of

Cutlery, Saddlery,

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

CARPENTERS AND BLACKSMITH

TOOLS, SCYTHES, SNEATHS, RAKES,

and all other varieties of Agricultural Implements.

I have also the agency for the sale of SEYMOUR'S CELEBRATED LEATHER BELTING and LACE LEATHER; articles unsurpassed in quality and price. I would cordially invite persons visiting the city to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

April 14, 1858—6mos

New Brighton Normal Seminary

FOUNDED 1853—CHARTERED 1856

FACULTY—Prof. R. CURRY, A. M., Principal, assisted by a full corps of experienced professional Teachers.

The next session of this Institution will open on the FIRST MONDAY of April, 1856.

Terms per Session Of Four Months.

BOARD $46. TUITION, (regular course) $12. FURNISHED ROOM, $5.

—EXTRAS—

Instrumental Music, $16 | Piano for practice, $1
Drawing & Painting 10 | Fire in sleeping r'm 1
Ancient lang's, each 10 | Washing for room, 1
Modern lang's, each, 10 | Washing 7 doz. 50c.

Expenses incident to school room, 25 cts per month. Books and stationery at regular prices.

All bills must be settled in advance, either by cash or note.

The Seminary buildings are pleasantly situated on a beautiful plateau, in the borough of New Brighton—a place proverbial for its beauty and healthfulness. Young ladies wishing to obtain a refined, liberal, thorough and practica education, where they can enjoy all the comforts and conveniences of a pleasant home, will n this institution find every facility.

New Grocery

AND

PROVISION STORE.

HAVING leased and refitted the room lately occupied by P. B. Young, I take this method of informing my friends and the public generally, that I have brought on a lot of the best GROCERIES and PROVISIONS the market affords, such as Coffee; Sugars; Molasses; Syrup; Tobacco; Snuff; Hoops; Candles; Rice, and fifty thousand things too numerous to mention, usually kept in a grocery store.

ALSO—Notions, such as Stockings; Gloves, Combs, Spool Cotton, Thread, Needles, &c. &c. With a General Assortment of Flour, Buckwheat, Flour, Feed, Corn meal, White Fish, Mackerel, and Codfish, Green and Black Teas, from 50 cts to $1.00. The very highest Cash Price paid for Oats, Corn, Butter and Eggs, and all Country Produce. Give us a Call, and try our Goods—Low for Cash. Remember the Place P. B. Young's old Stand, 3rd St., Beaver, Pa.

Beaver, Apr. 14, '58. J. S. EVERICH.

Just Received at the

New Drug and

CHEMICAL STORE.

Oat Meal, Pearl Barley, Pearl Sago, Tapioca, Arrow Root, Lac Sulphur.

Ground Ginger, Cinnamon, Mustard, Cloves, Cayenne Pepper, extra ds for cooking &c.

Lemon, Strawberry, Raspberry, Nutmeg, Vanilla, Pine Apple &c.

Alum, Copperas, Indigo, Oxalic Acid, white and common Glue, Madder, Extract Logwood, ground do. Camwood, burnt Umber, Vermillion, Chromic Green, Yellow do. Yellow Ochre, Venetian Red, Spanish Brown, Vandyke Brown, Starch, Rosin, Chalk, Putty, Oils, Glass, Turpentine, Varnish, Carpenters Cough Syrup of Hoarhound, Carrigreen, and Slippery Elm.

Sellers Cough Syrup, McLane's Vermifuge, Carpenters do. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Ayer's Pills, Davis' Pain Killer, Dalley's Pain Extractor, Holland Bitters, Terrell's Tetter Ointment, Tooth Paste and Powder, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, White Wash do. Trusses, Fancy Soap, Glaziers Tacks, Perfumery generally, Vials, Bottles by the gross or otherwise, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Nursing Bottles, Brandy and Wine for Medicinal purposes.

O. CUNNINGHAM.

Oct. 22, 1856

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver County, I will expose to sale on the premises, at Public Vendue or outcery, on—

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2d, 1858,

the following described property, late the estate of James M. M'Geehen and others, viz:

Tract No. 1. Situate partly in Darlington Township, Beaver County, and partly in Little Beaver Township Lawrence County, containing 50 acres 141 58—100 per. Bounded on the North by land of James Clark, East by land of Valentine Shuster, South by land of John Young, and West by land of widow Cunningham, about thirty acres of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered, all under fence, about fifty fruit trees of all varieties on the premises.

Tract No. 2, Situate in Darlington township, Beaver County, containing 16 acres and 89 per. Bounded on the North by David Luke, East by George W. Corey, South by John H. Russell, and West by lands of John H. and William Russell. All cleared and under fence.

TERMS—One-third in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from confirmation of Sale. W. W. IRWIN, Sheff.

March 31st, 1858.

Dunap, Levis & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

WADE HAMPTON & CO.

MANUFACTURERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CLOTHING,

India Rubber and Furnishing Goods,

NO. 96 WOOD STREET, (UP STAIRS.)

JOHN M. DUNLAP,
JOS. S. LEVIS, } *PITTSBURG, PA.*
JESSE B. KILGORE,

M. B. WELSH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

(District Attorney,)

Office in the Court House, Beaver, Pa.

July 15 1857, ly.

NOTICE TO BUTCHERS.—Large Meat Cutters and Sausage Fillers, of various sizes, at 47 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

Dec. 9, 1857. JAMES WARDROP.

Just Received

A large assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR & SHOP STOVES,

Of various designs and sizes, which for cheapness, durability and neatness, can not be excelled in this or any other place.

Call and examine them at the Store, Tin Copper and Sheet Iron Warerroom of

A. BESTWICK.

New Brighton, Sept.

A NEW STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Goods.

JUST received at the corner of Market and Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., I have just received and am now opening a very desirable stock of goods suitable for the present and coming season, to which I invite the attention of my old customers and the public in general to an examination, as I feel confident it will compare in quality and price to any other house in this vicinity.

DRESS GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

I would especially invite the ladies to call and examine my stock of silk, French merinoes, all wool delaines, cashmeres, coburgs, poplins, Persian cloths, Persian twills, ginghams, chambros, paper cambrics, cambric, jaconet, swiss and mull muslins, shawls, dress trimmings, lace fringes, bonnet ribbon, sleeves, collars, waist bands, hose &c. Also a large assortment of men and boys wear, consisting of black and colored French cloths, doe skins, fancy, cassimeres, tweeds, cords, jeans, satin and fancy vestings, nett shirts and drawers, silk cravats, handkerchiefs, stocks, suspenders, comforts &c.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Colored, white and barred flannel, canton flannels, linseys, brown and bleached muslins, shirting checks, drilling, osnaburgs, tickings &c. Boots and shoes for men, boys, ladies and children, for durability and neatness cannot be surpassed. Also a large assortment of soft hats, cloth, plush and oil silk caps. Hardware, queensware, glass, nails and groceries, all of which will be sold low for cash or produce.

Oct. 15, 1856. THOMAS ALLISON.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

OVER 100 DIFFERENT PATTERNS,

AT KAHLER'S BOOK STORE,

Bridgewater, Pa,

NEW Supply, New Styles direct from the East, and below Pittsburgh prices.

FOR CASH AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Mind, here you have the paper at home.

1st, you can easily get an additional bolt.

2d, Return if you have bought too much.

3d, Exchange the bolt if your lady don't like it.

STATIONERY.

(20 different kinds of Letter Paper.) Bibles, Hymn, School and miscellaneous books, in large assortments.

To accommodate our customers, all kinds of Books, if not at hand, will be ordered and procured within a short time, and without extra charge; that is, without charging more than the regular Pittsburgh prices.

Bridgewater Book Store.

Mar. 17, '58.

FOR SALE,

THE subscribers offer for sale upon reasonable terms, their STEAM SAW MILL, situated in the Borough of Hookstown. The location is among the best in the County, being located in a well timbered region of country, always enjoying a very liberal patronage. A description of the Mill is unnecessary, as it will recommend herself to persons desiring to purchase; suffice it to say, fearless of contradiction, that it is the best frame boiler Engine and other machinery necessary for a Saw Mill, south of the Ohio River. The only reason of the present owners for disposing of said property, is the fact of being engaged in other business, which requires almost the whole of their attention. Persons desiring to purchase a good paying property, would do well to call soon.

SAMUEL C. TRIMBLE & CO.

Hookstown, Mar. 10, 1858.

Pittsburgh Weekly Dispatch insert four months and send bill to this office.

Town Property for Sale

THE undersigned offers for sale a BRICK DWELLING, on Third street, and formerly occupied by David Somers, decd. The house is two stories high, with good cellar and attic; contains two rooms and kitchen on first floor, and three rooms on second floor. Also, a half lot; with fruit trees, stable, &c., thereon.—Terms easy. For further information inquire at this Office, or of MARY SOMERS.

Beaver, March 24, 1851.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

I WOULD most respectfully give notice to the citizens of Bridgewater, Beaver, Rochester, and vicinity, that I have received a new stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c., which I can sell lower than can be had in Pittsburgh. It is but reasonable to say that goods can be sold lower here than in the large cities, our rent is less, and our living is less. I only ask you to call and I will try and sell the goods.

Particular attention paid to Repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry; old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods or work. Remember the place; sign of the Big Watch, No. 2, Stewart's Row, Bridgewater. WM. PLATE.

A CARD.—Having relinquished the business and wishing to settle it, I have left all Watches and Jewelry left me for repairs with Mr. Wm. Plate, where they can be had when called on. Having a persons' knowledge of Mr. Plate, I would recommend him to my old customers for anything in his line.

Apr. 29, '57. HENRY T. PATTON.

SAMUEL ADAMS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW. Des Moines, Polk Co. Iowa, will practice in the several adjacent counties. Collections, Location of Land Warrants, and payment of Taxes promptly attended to.

REFERENCES.

NEW YORK.
W. Carpenter, Ide & Co.
Draper, Clark & Co.

CINCINNATI.
Jas. D. Lehmer,

PITTSBURG.
Hon. Moses Hampton,

PHILADELPHIA.
Kramer, Work, Young,
Cooper, Lippencott, Wain, Dogget & Co.
Coffin & Co.

CHICAGO.
N. P. Fetterman, Esq.

March 18th, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE law requires Executors and Administrators to settle their accounts thirty days prior to the meeting of any regular Court, to wit: For march Term on or before the 8th day of Feb. 1858. For June Term before 8th of May. For Sept. Term before 9th of Aug. For Nov. Term before 11th of Oct. 1858.

Dec. 16th '57. S. B. WILSON, Re

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Horace M'Mertrie, deceased, late of California, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN M'MERTRIE, Adm'r.

march 31, 1858.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of Administration on the Estate of Thomas Thornley, dec'd, late of Fallston borough, Beaver county, Pa., have been granted to the subscribers, residing in said Borough, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN THORNILY,
JAMES DUNCAN,
Adm'rs.

march 31, 1858.

THOS. M'CREERY.....H. B. ANDERSON.

NEW GOODS,

THE subscribers have just received their Spring and Summer supply of Goods, direct from Phil'a. consisting of Cloths, Cassimers, Satinets, Tweed, Prints, Lawns, Delanes, Bebeges, Tissues, Fancy Silks, Bonnets, Hats, Boots and Shoes; with a good selection of articles, which makes our assortment complete, and will be sold at a small profit, or cost.

ALL persons are respectfully requested to call at the old stand corner of main street and the Diamond.

M'CREERY & ANDERSON.

Beaver, April 14th 1858.

SEED SWEET POTATOES—Jersey Seed will be kept in store till 1st of May.

ap21 JAS. WARDROP.

THE GREAT

Improvement of the Age!

THE undersigned having purchased the right to use, sell and construct, H. D. M'Gregor's Excelsior

PATENT SHINGLE MACHINE,

in the county of Beaver exclusively, takes this method of informing the public generally that they have one of said machines running in their Saw Mill, in Freedom, and invite all who feel interested to call and see it operating. It will cut 40 shingles per minute with ease, and one man and boy will cut in 10 hours 8000 perfect shingles, that can not be surpassed for smooth surface and square edge, and also will cut barrel heads to a very good advantage. We will sell a few machines in the county, to those who wish to embark in shingle business, or in barrel heading. A rare opportunity is offered, on reasonable terms.

We intend keeping a full supply of good SHINGLES and LATH. All orders promptly attended to and filled on the shortest notice.

Freedom, April 5th. C. GRAHAM & Co.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver County, No. 74, March Term, '58.

In the matter of the Assignment of Shannon & Workman to Harmaduke Wilson. March 20, 1858, on motion of R. P. Roberts, Esq.,